

## Bob Wood Gets 10-Year Term in Oklahoma

**Criminal Syndicalism To  
Be Appealed to  
Highest Courts**

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
OKLAHOMA CITY, Oct. 11.—War hysteria today claimed another political victim when a jury, after one hour of deliberations, convicted Robert Wood, state secretary of the Communist Party, of "criminal syndicalism."  
The jury fixed Wood's sentence at 10 years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine.  
The verdict was delivered at 2 P. M. (4 P. M. EST).  
Wood is the first of 12 defendants to be tried here in this war's first batch of criminal syndicalism indictments.

### TO APPEAL

The International Labor Defense, which is conducting the defense, today announced from its national office in New York City that Wood's conviction "will be appealed all the way to the United States Supreme Court, if necessary."

"The only issue in this trial," said the ILD statement, "is the Bill of Rights, free speech, freedom of the press and freedom of assembly. No one is safe if possession of literature which is in any public library is going to be punished. There was no evidence of the slightest action nor the slightest wrong-doing by the defendant."

David Bentall, well-known Chicago attorney and chief defense counsel, called only one witness in the trial, and his testimony was ruled out by Judge Ben Arnold.

The prosecution, in its summation to the jury, confined itself almost to reading from books and pamphlets and to appeals for "poor little Finland."

Bentall, in his address to the jury, declared that "they started this sort of thing in Germany. They burned books and see where Germany is today. . . . Let's not do it in the United States."

The ILD renewed its appeal for financial assistance in conducting its nationwide defense campaign for the defendants.

## Browder and Foster Mourn Mexican Victim Of Assassin

Earl Browder and William Z. Foster, leaders of the Communist Party of the United States, yesterday sent a cable to the Communist Party of Mexico mourning the death of Morales Ortega, Mexican Communist, who was assassinated by political gangsters last Saturday.

"The Communist Party of the United States," said the message from Browder and Foster, "and all true friends of the Mexican people mourn with you the loss of Comrade Morales Ortega."

"The assassination of this true leader of the people is a blow of political gangsterism struck at the whole Mexican people."

"The attack on the Party which is in the forefront of the struggle in defense of the gains of the Mexican revolution is a danger signal for the whole of Latin American democracy."

"This political assassination of one of the best and most loved leaders of the people is a product of weakness, compromise and conciliation with Almazan reaction and its imperialist supporters."

"All progressive and anti-imperialist forces of the Western Hemisphere join with you and the genuine people's forces of Mexico in your historic struggle to defeat the counter-revolution wherever it may raise its head, to defend the sovereignty of Mexico, and to forward the great agrarian and anti-imperialist revolution."

## St. Louis Rally In City Library Hears Browder

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
ST. LOUIS, Oct. 11.—A city-wide meeting last night in the Public Library at which the coast-to-coast broadcast of Earl Browder, Communist candidate for President, was heard, unanimously adopted a resolution calling upon President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hull to direct American foreign policy into peaceful channels as recommended by Browder.



**Death Over London:** Cablephoto shows air raid wardens carrying an injured civilian from an office building that was wrecked in German air raids on the capital district.

## Pay Cuts Loom for Clothing Workers

**Hillman's Concessions to Uniform Makers Appear  
to Include Wage Slashes; Promised Gain in  
Employment Proves To Be Illusion**

By George Morris  
The eyes of the members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers are anxiously set on Washington as the fear increased that the union's leaders are preparing to make substantial concessions to uniform manufacturers.

Reports of the first stages of the hearings before the

Public Contracts Board on setting minimum wage scales on uniform manufacture, have strengthened the belief that Sidney Hillman, labor coordinator on the National Defense Commission and president of the A.C.W., has not only scuttled the National Labor Relations Act on defense contracts, but is also giving up the prevailing wage rate in the clothing industry.

The hearing is held under the chairmanship of Major Robert N. Campbell.

**HOLLANDER PROMISED WORK**  
Interest is centering on the hearing especially in New York City, Rochester and Buffalo where standards established by the A.C.W. are most seriously threatened.

The New York state areas have already lost a share of the first large batch of uniforms—over 800,000—under the bidding practice which was first applied. Philadelphia manufacturers, working under lower standards, took the hog's share of the order. This came about despite the uniform wage scale on Grade 1 garments that is supposed to apply nationally.

Members of the New York Joint Board of the A.C.W., in whose affiliates unemployment is a serious

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## Living Cost Up 1 Per Cent In September

**U. S. Bureau Attributes  
Increase to Rising  
Price of Meats**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The grocery bill in mid-September was 1 per cent higher than it was in mid-August in large cities.

The Bureau of Labor statistics said today the average retail price increase was caused by advances in meats, eggs and dairy products.

### WHEN FATHER MEETS SON . . .

## FORD, COMMUNIST STANDARD BEARER, SPEAKS TO STUDENTS OF HIS ALMA MATER

By Rob F. Hall  
(Special to the Daily Worker)

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 11.—We were lounging on one of the stone benches that dot the Fisk University campus, enjoying the late autumn sunshine which at high noon, can be very warm in Tennessee.

Negro students, young men and girls, were pouring from the class room buildings and into the broad shaded Seventeenth Avenue, headed in the general direction of famous old Jubilee Hall.

As one group passed us we heard a student exclaim, "Ford's old man is going to speak at Chapel today."

"Aw, go on," replied another, and the rest was lost in the rattle of autumn leaves and the chatter of the pretty girls behind them.

## RAF Blasts At Nazi Industrial Centers

**Germans Again Break  
Through Defenses to  
Raid London**

LONDON, Oct. 11 (UP).—Striking savagely at Nazi "invasion ports" and the nerve centers of the Nazi war machine by sea and air, Britain's fleet and Royal Air Force reported what undoubtedly was their greatest counter-attack against the German "blitz" forces.

With a stepped-up tempo of destruction, British bombers struck out Thursday night and early Friday in nearly 30 cities spread across France, Holland and Belgium and eastward into Bavaria.

While the British warships were heaping shells upon German shipping concentrated in Cherbourg, British planes swept overhead and in three and a half hours were said to have unloaded more than 1,000 bombs and incendiaries.

### OIL PLANTS HIT

Seven vital oil plants of the Reich, which produce 1,500,000 tons of fuel annually to feed the German war machine, were said to have been blasted by bombs. The plants were at Hamburg, Hanover, Cologne, Magdeburg, Gelsenkirchen, Leuna and Reisholz.

The Admiralty said that both heavy and light British warships cooperating with RAF planes bombarded Nazi shipping concentrated in the French Trans-Atlantic port of Cherbourg and "started very large fires, visible from our ships on the way home for a distance of 40 miles."

The Air Ministry, describing a two-hour aerial blasting of Kiel and Wilhelmshafen naval bases, which have been bombed about 30 times in almost nightly attacks, told of "huge fires" spreading over the naval docks and port works as tons of bombs crashed upon them.

The British warships steaming home from the bombardment of Cherbourg were said to have been shelled by Germany's "Big Bertha" guns planted along the French coast, but during the bombardment the Nazis put up no naval resistance "although it was known that enemy light forces are at Cherbourg."

### NIGHT RAID ON LONDON

Meanwhile German raiders, beaten off in repeated daylight thrusts at London defenses, returned at the dinner hour tonight, dropping bombs and flares over the capital in defiance of withering anti-aircraft fire and searchlight beams sweeping the moonlit sky.

It was the fifth consecutive night that the bombers had taken advantage of fair weather and bright moonlight to arrive at the dinner hour and soon after the day's sixth alarm sounded, bombs began falling in the metropolitan area.

Five attempts to carry bombs to London during the day wilted under the heat of anti-aircraft fire and the guns of British fighter planes. The Germans unloaded their bombs on towns along the south and southeast coast.

High explosives dropped by German dive bombers shattered stained glass windows in Canterbury Cathedral, one of Britain's most famous churches dating back centuries, and demolished buildings for 100 yards around. The cathedral, located in the town of the same name 62 miles from London in Kent, is the seat of the Archbishop of Canterbury, spiritual head of the Church of England.

A communiqué said that five German planes were destroyed in widespread combats during the day.

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# CHINA WILL NEVER SUBMIT TO AXIS PACT, SAYS CHIANG

UPPERCUT

--by Ellis



**Again Vows War to the  
Finish Against Jap-  
anese Invaders**

**'TOKIO WEAKER'**

**People of China Cele-  
brate Founding of  
Republic in 1911**

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

CHUNGKING, Oct. 11.—Emphasizing China's determination to continue her war of resistance against Japanese aggression, Chiang Kai-shek yesterday marked the anniversary of the Chinese 1911 Revolution, which overthrew the monarchy, by issuing two public statements, one a special declaration, the other an appeal to the population and to the army.

Dwelling on the tripartite alliance of Germany, Italy and Japan, Chiang Kai-shek pointed out that "China will never recognize the so-called New Order in Eastern Asia. Any treaty with Japan on the Far East, any treaty opposed by China, will have no significance whatever, as also any treaty between the Nanking puppets and their masters. Such a treaty will be merely a scrap of paper."

Chiang Kai-shek further declared that with all its strength China will hinder Japan in its effort to enslave the East, insofar as the New Order means first the capture of China and later of the entire East.

"Today, on the fourth year of the war," Chiang Kai-shek said, "China enters the most difficult period. The situation, however, is better than in 1911, when China made her Revolution. At present, Japan is surrounded by enemies and is on the brink of collapse."

The people of China, too, celebrated this twenty-ninth anniversary of the founding of the Chinese Republic. The streets of Chungking were filled with demonstrators and detachments of troops from early morning on. At a mass-meeting held on the central city square, Chiang Kai-shek himself spoke.

After the meeting, troops and detachments of youth and women's organizations marched in a body to a government building where a second meeting, in the nature of a huge conference, took place. Then the demonstrators dispersed to various bombed districts of the city to carry out volunteer work.

In his published appeal to the people, Chiang Kai-shek dwelt on the tasks facing China, emphasizing the necessity of strengthening the unanimity of will, increasing the national forces, building up a solid political foundation and developing industry.



CHIANG KAI-SHEK

## Nazi Moves in Rumania Stir Balkans

**Bulgaria Denies Reports  
of Troops on Turkish  
Border**

BUCHAREST, Oct. 11 (UP).—Swarms of German warplanes numbering at least 150 and including "Stuka" dive-bombers swept over Bucharest today and toward the vital Ploesti oil fields as high-ranking Nazi aviation officials set up headquarters in the Rumanian capital.

Reports spread that 1,500 German planes and about 2,000 tanks were enroute to Rumania but this was denied in official Rumanian quarters.

The appearance of the German planes, so many of them that at times they darkened the sky over Bucharest, and the arrival of the high-ranking Nazi aviation officials appeared to confirm reports that an entire German air corps division had been assigned to Rumania.

### EX-FOREIGN MINISTER ON WAY TO ROME

ROME, Oct. 11 (UP).—Rumania's former foreign minister, Michael Manolescu, is enroute to Rome for a "brief vacation," it was announced here today. He is expected to see

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## Manifesto of the Communist Party Of China

Turn to page 2 for text of the manifesto of the Communist Party of China received here yesterday and issued in Chungking on the anniversary of the third year of the war against the Japanese invasion.

## Food Crisis In France Is Critical

VICHY, Oct. 11.—The food situation in France is approaching a "critical point," Agriculture Minister Caillot told the nation in a radio broadcast today.

Greatly reduced grain and sugar crops and a lack of fats, oils and meat foreshadow a severe winter he added.

The number of cattle killed in the war for French army as well as later by the German occupation authorities, he added, has reduced meat supplies to a minimum.

### Swiss Curb Butter Sale to Retailers

ZURICH, Switzerland, Oct. 11 (UP).—Sale of butter to retailers was halted temporarily today by order of the Federal Department of Public Economy.

No reason for the stoppage was announced but it was believed in some quarters to be preparatory to instituting rationing in Switzerland.

## Hungary Asks Axis to Intervene with Rumania

BUDAPEST, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Hungarian government today appealed to Germany and Italy, asking Axis intervention in the steadily worsening relations between Hungary and Rumania. The appeal was made on the basis of the Vienna award decisions.

## Chinese Make New Gains in Nanking Area

**Defeat 2,000 Japanese  
Advancing from Wuhu;  
Take Wanshowkwang**

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)  
CHUNGKING, Oct. 11.—The Nanking district in central China continues to be the scene of active operations of Chinese regular and partisan troops concentrated particularly along the Nanking-Hangchow where the Chinese have destroyed a telegraph line, 30 bridges and 50 kilometers of road.

In Kiangsi province fighting is taking place south of Nanchang in the Siangtang district. On Oct. 7 Chinese troops occupied Wanshowkwang west of Nanchang and are now moving eastward.

In Anhwei province on Oct. 7 combined forces of regulars and partisans defeated 2,000 strongly armed Japanese who were advancing from Wuhu on the Nanking base of the Chinese partisans.

The Japanese retreated in disorder in the direction of Wuhu.

### 25 BATTLES IN ONE WEEK

From Sept. 24 to Sept. 30 the Eighth Chinese Army participated in 25 battles against the Japanese in the districts of Yuishu and Liaosian in the eastern part of Shansi in North China.

General Pao Tsungsi, member of the Supreme Council of National Defense, has just returned from a forty-day inspection trip of the northwestern districts of China, and has made a favorable report of the military situation. After his

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## University Head Ready to Take Draft Post

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 11 (UP).—President Clarence Addison Dykstra of the University of Wisconsin said today that he will "feel free" to accept President Roosevelt's proffered appointment as director of conscription if university regents grant him leave of absence.

"I won't under any circumstances, sever my connections with the university," Dykstra said today upon his return from Washington, where the President had urged him to head the draft administration.



# Manifesto of Chinese Communist Party

## 'China Has Proved It Can Unite--Unity Will Bring Victory'

**CHUNGKING, China (By Mail)**—In a profound and moving manifesto made public here on the third anniversary of the Chinese-Japanese conflict, the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party warned strongly against capitulationist and wavering elements—"the most dangerous elements remaining at present within our camp," the manifesto says—and calls on all anti-Japanese parties and groups to re-double their efforts to defeat Japanese imperialist aggression and achieve final victory.

The Manifesto declares most emphatically the unswerving adherence of the Chinese Communist Party to Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese National Government in the war of resistance and liberation against Japan, and, analyzing the internal Chinese situation, calls upon the National Government to carry out its promises, and, in particular, warns against all tendencies "to carry on an internal strife while at the same time fighting an external war."

### THE TEXT

The text of the Manifesto follows:

"Brethren, Beloved Soldiers, Anti-Japanese co-comrades of the various parties and factions:

On the occasion of the Third Anniversary of China's War of Resistance against the Japanese invasion, the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party earnestly and warmly extends its sincere National Revolutionary salute to every soldier, every citizen, every anti-Japanese co-comrade of the various parties and political factions. To those martyrs who bravely gave their lives to the cause of a nation, we extend them our boundless condolence. To those wounded soldiers and suffering fellowcountrymen, we extend our deep sympathy.

With the heroic war of resistance now ending its third full year, we have once more proven to the world that Japanese imperialism is doomed. Our firm will to carry on the war continuously toward its successful conclusion is now strongly engraved in the hearts of the Chinese people. The current changes in the international political situation has resulted basically to the advantage of China.

### WARNINGS OF VACILLATIONS

Nevertheless, the stage of unprecedented difficulty arising from our war of resistance is confronting us once more with Japanese imperialism's declaration of her so-called Monroe Doctrine followed by the intensification of

her aggressive war against China. What is more, within our United Front there now appears a group of persons with wavering tendency. Japanese imperialist intensification of her attack against China is but the echo of the airplanes and cannons of Hitler and Mussolini. By such means, they are attempting to fulfill their imperialist war aim, that is, to divide once more the whole world among themselves and consequently for the further enslavement of the people of the world. On the other hand, the English, American and French imperialists are still continuing their suicidal policy to yield to the pressure of Germany, Italy and Japan. The consequences of such maneuverings are obvious; France is annihilated, England is hard pressed, while American interests along the Pacific and Atlantic are facing a serious threat.

### WAR IN NEW PHASE

The imperialist war has by this time developed into a new phase. Contradictions among the imperialists themselves still remain unsolved. Unprecedented economic and political crises in these countries as the inevitable consequences of the present imperialist war have now resulted in a brutal assault upon mankind. Such crises will undoubtedly lead to an upsurge of the World Revolution. Among the suppressed people and within the oppressed nations, there is brewing a revolutionary crisis. We are living in a new era, the era of criminal predatory wars versus revolution, imperialist wars are to slaughter the people. The only country that stands aloof and does not permit herself to be involved in the whirlpool of the imperialist war is the great and mighty Socialist State, the Soviet Union, genuine champion of the oppressed people and enslaved nations of the world.

As a consequence of the present new developments in the international situation, Japanese imperialism, confronted with numerous difficulties due to the crises within and without, is now taking a final decisive adventure. By her attempt in blockading China's international trade routes, Japan is launching a frontal attack against China and by means of savage aerial bombardments and other high-pressure actions, she is trying hard to break China's internal unity and to force her to capitulate. The wavering elements remaining within our camp, in the face of the increasing pressure and difficulties, are still more wavering, leading themselves into capitulation. These elements whose minds are confused and whose wills are weak, can bravely

endure hardships and difficulties. They are confused as to the probable outcome of the war of resistance. In most instances when difficulties appear they invariably waver. These persons are the worst and most dangerous elements remaining at present within our camp.

### MORE UNITY NEEDED

Brethren, Soldiers, Anti-Japanese co-comrades of the various parties and political factions! With China at present facing unprecedented danger of a possible capitulation and the utmost difficulty of conducting her war of resistance, it is a mistake to hide such existing dangers and difficulties from the knowledge of the people. The Chinese Communist Party considers it her task to arouse the whole nation clearly to realize the existence of these dangers and difficulties. At the same time, the Chinese Communist Party points out to the people of the nation the necessity of strengthening further our National Unity as the only means to subdue dangerous activities for capitulation and to overcome the difficulties confronting us at present. Wang Ching-wei's capitulation is becoming a total bankruptcy. He and his party have now become the meanest toy in the hands of the Japanese imperialists. Capitulation of the French bourgeoisie resulted in the wholesale enslavement of the French people by Hitler. What future is there in capitulation! With the French people undergoing sufferings in their present condition, the Chinese Communist Party is wholeheartedly in sympathy. Nevertheless, the Chinese Communist Party firmly believes that under the guidance of the sturdy and mighty leadership of the French Communist Party, the great French nation cannot be destroyed. The struggle of the French people together with that of the Chinese people will continue marching hand in hand in challenging their respective foreign oppressors until final victory is won.

Brethren, soldiers, anti-Japanese co-comrades of the various parties and factions: We must confer with full resistance every sort of Japanese offensive, we must overcome every kind of difficulty, we must subdue every shade of capitulatory conspiracy, we must overcome every kind of traitorous elements, we must decisively deal with them by liquidating them completely from our camp. The whole nation must stand for strong unity. All sorts of factions must be discouraged. The relationship between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party must be adjusted and improved. The imminent danger of a re-appearance once more of an

internal strife or civil war must be uprooted. The National United Front for resistance to Japanese aggression must be further strengthened under the guidance of Chiang Kai-shek, and every Chinese must stand for the continued resistance against Japanese aggression.



CHU TEH  
Chinese Communist Leader

internal strife or civil war must be uprooted. The National United Front for resistance to Japanese aggression must be further strengthened under the guidance of Chiang Kai-shek, and every Chinese must stand for the continued resistance against Japanese aggression.

### RENEW ALL PLEDGES

Pledges which were once solemnly vowed by the different parties and factions must be carried out. The Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party declares and wishes it to be known to every fellow countryman and every member of the Party that we Communists always carry out faithfully in practice what we have pledged. In the manifesto we issued on September 22, 1935, we publicly declared that we will fight for the full realization of the Three People's Principles, that we will cease to conduct any Agrarian Revolution, that we will desist from advocating an uprising policy, that the Chinese Red Army will be converted into the National Revolutionary Army and that the Chinese Soviet Government will be converted into a local democratic government. We have faithfully carried out all these promises to the letter, since then, we have never tried to violate what we have pledged. Today in the Border Government of Shensi-Kansu-Ninghsia and in the regions of the anti-Japanese bases, which are created within the rear of the enemy, the policy we are putting into practice is fully in conformity with the doctrine of the Three People's Principles. In all these places, we never have attempted to carry out anything that is not within the scope of the Three People's Principles.

At this moment, we, the Communists, once more wish to make it clear to the people that as long as the anti-Japanese war is being waged and as long as the

policy of the national government is based upon the doctrine of the Three People's Principles, we pledge ourselves for the fulfillment of the said Principles. All kinds of slanderous attacks branding the Chinese Communist Party as a pledge-breaker are totally baseless and false. With regard to the question of pledges, we demand that the Kuomintang too should give due respect to what they have once adhered to. They should earnestly put into practice the solemn promises they once made to the people at large and to our Party in particular on the question of political and other issues.

Only then could National Unity be assured of its everlasting existence, while our common resistance in dealing with the enemy could have more effective results.

The Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party reiterates once more that as long as the United Front for Resistance is still on and the cooperation between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party still prevails, our stand is absolutely opposed to the advocacy of internal strife and dissension. From beginning to end, we support Chiang Kai-shek and the National Government in their execution of the National Policy for continuous resistance against the enemy. We have never broken our promise by pursuing the policy of sowing dissension and destruction. All rumors circulated to the effect that the Communist Party is returning to its old activity of the civil war time by reviving its former policy of uprising and destruction are entirely absurd and groundless. Such accusations against us are merely concoctions by the national traitors. Yet, on the other hand, we equally demand that the Kuomintang forsake its destructive policy against the Communist Party. This must be done in order to ensure the unity of the two parties as well as to

guarantee their continued cooperation.

The Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party wishes to assure once more that all armed forces under our command are confining their activities in the fighting area within the rear of the enemy and within the twenty-three counties that are under the administration of the Border Government of Shensi-Kansu-Ninghsia. They are forbidden to pursue their activities into other areas that might provoke a conflict with other friendly armies. While in the fighting area as well as in the rear of the enemy, we constantly encourage the forces that are under our command to cooperate with other anti-Japanese friendly forces, to fight hand in hand with them against the enemy.

Likewise, we are asking the other anti-Japanese friendly armies under different commands to prevent their forces from carrying on any kind of activity that is liable to provoke a direct conflict between themselves and the Eighth Route and the New Fourth Armies. This should be so in order that unity within the anti-Japanese front be preserved.

Simultaneously we beg to ask from the National Government its unflinching support to the Eighth Route Army, the New Fourth Army and the other anti-Japanese guerrilla forces. The support of the National Government for these forces is urgently necessary because the Eighth Route Army, the New Fourth Army and the other anti-Japanese guerrilla columns are the main armed forces that are carrying anti-Japanese activity into the rear of the enemy as well as occupying the foremost front in resisting the enemy.

During the last three years of their continuous struggle, the Eighth Route and the New Fourth Armies had conducted a total heroic struggle of more than ten thousand combats. Through such numerous struggles, they firmly upheld the banner of the war of resistance in a vast area within the rear of the enemy. Both armies have at present drawn from activity 45 to 50 per cent of the total Japanese forces at present operating in the Chinese battlefield. And yet the environment of these armies is precariously dangerous, their living conditions extremely hard while their ammunition supplies are astonishingly poor.

Our Party policy with regard to our relations with other anti-Japanese friendly armies is to render them all necessary assistance, to bolster up their unity and to increase their fighting strength instead of splitting or disrupting them. However, we

are demanding from the Kuomintang and every other anti-Japanese friendly army to render reciprocal treatment to the 8th Route Army and the New 4th Army. By means of such mutual courteous treatment, mutual suspicions could be erased while at the same time united action in their resistance against the enemy can be effectively enforced. Only then will the task confronting us for the complete destruction of the enemy by the armies under a supreme commander be possible.

### CITES FRENCH EXAMPLE

We and our Party realize that in order to counteract the sinister danger of capitulation and to overcome the difficulties that our war of resistance is confronting, the nation should see to it that the various so-called policies such as the "anti-Communism," "restricting the Communists," "annihilating the Communists" or "forbidding the Communists," etc. be stopped at once. The policies in actual practice have retarded and weakened our forces of resistance in dealing with enemy onslaught. Moreover, such practices have aroused an intensely uneasy feeling among the people of the nation. Furthermore, it will do us a lot of good to bear in mind that it is absolutely impossible to execute our war of resistance against Japanese aggression on a "double-face" war policy, that is, to carry on an internal strife while at the same time fighting an external war. The consequence of such a policy will be the nation's suicide. The complete collapse of the Daladier government in France is due to the government's mistake of pursuing an anti-Communist activity. This should be a warning to the nation not to repeat such policies.

As Communists, we think the best way to subdue the danger of capitulation and to overcome the unprecedented difficulties confronting the war of resistance is to start first with the complete overhauling of the procedures that are now being adopted in conducting the war of resistance. The people should be granted freedom of speech, of the press, of assembly and of organization for the war of resistance. The Communists and other patriotic elements that are kept in prison should be released at once. The legal right of the various parties and political factions should be officially acknowledged. A democratic National Convention should be summoned. The harmful activity of the so-called "Squad for technical activity" should be abolished. The present unwarrantable financial and economic policies should be properly adjusted. The cultural and educational policies of the mili-

tary service policy should be pursued along the line of conducting the war of resistance on the basis of self-sufficiency and not upon unreliable foreign aid. Brethren, Soldiers, Anti-Japanese co-comrades of the different parties and factions! The Chinese Communist Party firmly believes that we can conquer the danger of capitulation and overcome the difficulties that are confronting us. For China possesses every required condition to override such dangers and difficulties. It is up to the Chinese Government and the Chinese people to use these conditions.

### FOLLOW SUN YAT-SEN

China is a nation embracing a vast territory with the greatest wealth of mineral resources as yet untapped. She has a great population. For China is not Ethiopia, nor Spain, Holland, Belgium nor France. Furthermore, Japan is far behind compared with Germany. China has still preserved several million fighting forces in action. What is more, China has the unity of the two leading parties, the Kuomintang and the Communist Party and the unity of the great majority of her people as well. In addition, imperialist contradictions which prevail can be utilized by China to the fullest advantage. And, there is the great Soviet Union and the world revolutionary movement that are supporting China in her struggles against foreign aggression.

Ever since the start of the Opium War, China, within the last hundred years, has encountered unaccountable dangerous adversities which have enriched her with immense experience. China has the heroic morale of Dr. Sun Yat-sen as an outstanding model for the Chinese people to emulate. In times such as the present, when we are confronted with national crisis, we should bind ourselves more closely with the teaching of Dr. Sun Yat-sen.

We should fulfill his revolutionary Three People's Principles namely to ally with the Soviet Union, to ally with the Communists and to assist the workers and peasants and his Last Will. Overcome all sorts of pessimism and hopelessness. Be firm in the struggle. Only through that way will we be able to overcome the danger of capitulation. In the long run, China will win the war of resistance against Japanese invasion and she will proceed with full confidence in her national reconstruction to success. The glory of future China is everlasting.

Down with Japanese Imperialism!

Carry on the war of resistance to the end!

Preserve National Unity!  
Long Live the National Emancipation of China!

## Soviet Farm Fair to Reopen in 1941

Decision Is Result of Popular Acclaim; Newly Liberated Areas Will Get a Chance to Exhibit Progress Under Socialism

**MOSCOW, Oct. 11.**—The All-Union Agricultural Exhibition here will reopen for a third year next Spring it was announced here today by Academician Tsitsin, director of the popular fair.

Reviewing the success of the exhibition, the director reported that 4,500,000 persons visited it this year and nearly eight million during both 1939 and 1940 seasons. The fair is closing for the winter on October 15.

"One of the most important results of the exhibition," Tsitsin said, "was the unprecedented scope of the socialist example set for emulation by collective farmers, workers at machine tractor stations and state farms for the further advance of agriculture."

"In 1941 the exhibition will enter the third year of its work. Applications to exhibit next year are pouring in from all parts of the country. Steady progress of agriculture is reflected in the considerable increase in the number of districts which have attained the standards fixed by the Central Exhibition Committee."

### LIBERATED AREAS EXHIBITED

"Last year there were 41 such districts, but next year there will be 71 according to preliminary information."

"Next year's exhibition sets itself the task of illustrating how the multi-million population of collective farm peasantry is steadily forging ahead to new victories."

"The panoramas of the Moldavian, Lithuanian, Latvian and Estonian Republics in the central hall of the mail pavilion will depict the especially interesting features of the economy of the Baltic regions, the first results of socialist construction on liberated soil."

"A section on the 'Novel Aspects of the Village' will illustrate the experience of the national utilization of gas generator tractors."

"The pavilions of the Ukrainian

## Chinese Make New Gains in Nanking Area

Defeat 2,000 Japanese Advancing from Wuhu; Take Wanshowkwang

(Continued from Page 1)

survey of the activity of military centers and institutions. Pai Tsungtsi stated that the people of the northwestern provinces are successfully organizing the work of self-defense. He noted likewise the development of industry in this part of China. Among the places he visited were a number of Moslem villages, and he was informed there that the Moslem communities of northwestern China unanimously favor the complete unity of the country in the conduct of the war.

In the western part of Shansi Province a conference was lately held of the "Youth Association of National Salvation," attended by 180 delegates. In the resolutions adopted the conference made a point of the necessity for further mobilizing and arming the youth for China's national emancipation struggle.

### BUMPER RICE CROP SEEN

**SHANGHAI, Oct. 11.**—A decrease in the price of rice in this area is in prospect as a result of the bumper crop being harvested in Kweichow Province. In the south-western counties of this province 90 per cent of the crop is already harvested and in other districts from 70 to 80 per cent of the harvest has been reaped.

### U. S. to Sell 19 Ships To British Companies

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (UP).**—The Maritime Commission today accepted a \$4,840,000 bid from four British firms for the purchase of 19 vessels in its laid-up fleet.



**Batista Takes the Oath:** Fulgencio Batista (right), constitutional president, takes the oath of office in Havana. Coincidental with his inauguration, Cuba's new constitution went into effect, granting workers a 44-hour week, social security and other reforms.

## Nazis Set Up Concentration Camps in Norway

**STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (UP).**—Establishment of concentration camps for political prisoners and the active opposition to Norwegian Nazis by students was reported here today from Oslo.

The Norwegian situation, these reports said, has grown more delicate as a result of opposition to supporters of Maj. Vidkun Quisling who have been brought forward again by the Germans.

The reports said that several concentration camps will be set up. One, formerly used for war prisoners, is already being used for political prisoners charged with alleged criminal acts against the German rule.

The arrest of a number of publishers, mostly of labor newspapers, was reported. The Stavanger newspaper "May First" has been

## U. S. Army, Navy Ready Forces in Philippines

**MANILA, P. I., Oct. 11 (UP).**—American officials in the Philippines have considered "all eventualities which might arise," United States High Commissioner Francis B. Sayre said today after a long conference with Rear Admiral John M. Smead and Maj. Gen. George Gruener.

Sayre said the American officials lacked authority to take any steps for the protection of the civilian population, such as storing up food and fuel supplies, arranging for evacuation and providing air raid shelters.

## British Tanks Repulsed in African Fight

Attack on Italians in North Repulsed, Rome Claims

**ROME, Oct. 11 (UP).**—British Italian Eritrea and the Fascist lines across the Ethiopian border in Kenya have been thrown back, a high command communiqué asserted today.

One British column attacked from the north, thrusting on Abu Gassat and Tessenet in Eritrea, the communiqué said, and the other, in the south, attacked the Buna region in two coordinated thrusts.

The high command added that British planes raided Gura, Coselli and Decamele in Eritrea.

Italian planes were said to have bombed an airfield at Port Sudan.

### BRITISH RAID ITALIAN PORTS

**CAIRO, Egypt, Oct. 11 (UP).**—Royal Air Force planes in the past 24 hours have carried out a smashing bombing attack against Italy's important Libyan supply port of Benghazi where docks and warehouses were set afire, the RAF middle east command reported tonight.

Other RAF bombers raided Tobruk, another Italian supply base in Libya, and attacked Asab where it was claimed the main pier head was set afire.

### U. S. Sends Military Attache to Egypt

**WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (UP).**—The War Department announced today that "because of the present importance of Egypt in the international situation," it has assigned a military attache to Cairo for the first time since 1922.

Major Benner F. Fellers, Coast Artillery Corps, who has been assistant military attache at Madrid, will go to Egypt.

## RAF Blasts at Cities Deep Into Germany

Nazis Again Break Through London Defense Ring; Civilians Reported Killed in Raids on Ruhr and Dutch Coast

(Continued from Page 1)

and five British fighter planes were lost with the pilots of all safe, one wounded.

### GERMANS ADMIT RAIDS EFFECTIVE

**BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).**—Smashing British aerial attacks against Germany's great northern shipping port of Hamburg and the industrial Ruhr and a naval assault on the Nazi-held French port of Cherbourg were admitted tonight by German sources.

The British planes spread over a wide area of the Reich and the official Nazi news agency's report of the attacks was one of the most detailed provided since the start of the intensified RAF offensive.

Bombing of Hamburg was said to have caused extensive damage to industrial residential sections. Other attacks on Cologne, Düsseldorf, Magdeburg, Leipzig and Amsterdam were admitted.

At least 21 persons were killed, 49 wounded and seven missing in the attacks, the DNB agency said.

**MANY KILLED IN RUHR.** Most of the German cities where casualties occurred are in the Ruhr, center of Germany's war industries. The report showed at least three dead and 15 wounded at Hamburg, 13 killed, seven missing and 19 wounded at Amsterdam, one killed and 15 wounded at Magdeburg, two killed in the Cologne area and two killed in Düsseldorf.

The killing of "numerous workers and children" in British raids on Essen, where the great Krupp armaments works are located, and Castrop-Rauxel in recent nights was reported.

One of the heaviest British attacks apparently was on Amsterdam where DNB claimed houses "far from military objectives" were destroyed.

However German planes, slam-

ming "trip-hammer blows" against London, tonight were reported to have carried out "systematic destruction of military objectives" in the British capital where during the past 24 hours Nazis claim 500,000 pounds of explosives have been dropped.

Waves of bomb-laden German planes defied London's anti-aircraft defenses daylong and continued to strike after darkness had fallen upon the bomb-scarred, fire-lit city.

Other units of the Nazi forces were reported to have carried out smashing assaults upon factories and railway centers in southeast England.

One German fighter unit set off "the entire anti-aircraft defenses" in southern England as it roared inland, Nazi quarters said.

### BIG GUNS DUEL ACROSS CHANNEL

**DOVER, England, Oct. 11 (UP).**—British and German long-range guns planted along the Straits of Dover coasts tonight fought a violent duel with big shells whistling across the Channel in brilliant moonlight and exploding with ear-shattering blasts.

### Japanese Banks in London Close Doors

**LONDON, Oct. 11 (UP).**—Four Japanese banks—Mitsui, Daiwa, Sanwa and Sumitomo—decided today to close their London offices.

A fifth, the London branch of the Yokohama Specie Bank, will remain open.

It was expected that about 150 Japanese residents of Britain, including government employees and businessmen, would leave soon for Japan aboard the steamer Fushimi, now en route from Lisbon.



# Calls Army Jim-Crow 'Hitler Decree' Woodworkers' Parley Backs Lewis Policies

## Patterson Hits F.D.R. Ruling In Statement

Communist Candidate Says It 'Glorifies' Fascist Racism

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—William L. Patterson, Communist candidate for U. S. Congressman from the First District of Illinois today wired to President Roosevelt, charging that "Your edict for segregation of Negroes in the army can only be compared with a Hitler decree glorifying fascist race theories."

"This system for Jim Crowism in the armed forces is a negation of democracy," Patterson's message to the President stated. "It intensifies the prejudice already created by the landlord Democratic lynch regime in the South."

The Negro candidate is conducting a militant campaign for the only seat in Congress held by a Negro, now occupied by Democrat William Mitchell, whose record of failure to sponsor a single measure on behalf of the Negro people has turned thousands of voters against him.

Highlighting the South Side campaign will be a city-wide mobilization of Communist and non-party people who will canvass the people of the First District next Sunday, Oct. 20, which has been designated as "Patterson Day." Leaflets are also being distributed to mobilize meetings and house parties for the broadcast of James W. Ford, Communist candidate for Vice-President, on October 21.

### WIRE TO PRESIDENT

Patterson's wire to Roosevelt declared:

"Negro leaders who support the Democratic administration or Wendell Willkie will seek to 'explain' your approval of segregation of white and Negro troops as a move toward democracy. These folks were able to 'explain' the failure of the Democrats and Republicans in Congress to pass an anti-lynching bill. They 'explained' the failure of the Department of Justice and the police force of the South to apprehend any of the murderers who lynched seven Negroes this year."

"But these 'explanations' just won't go down. The Negro masses have had 75 years of 'explanation' since the Emancipation Proclamation as to why democracy doesn't work for them. Out of their own experience they have become satisfied that the only explanation is the failure to cement the unity of the Negro and white masses on the bottom throughout the country."

"This is the task that the Communist Party, under the leadership of Browder and Ford, are everywhere seeking to carry into life in this election campaign. The realization of this task will assure my election from the First District in Illinois."

### THREAT TO PEOPLE

The Negro candidate declared further that "President Roosevelt is not building an army for democratic purposes. He is building an army that can be used to keep the Negro 'in his place,' an army that can be used to drown in blood any attempt on the part of the poor whites of the South, together with the Negro people, to change their intolerable living conditions."

Patterson declared that this statement of Roosevelt "strikes a deadly blow at the trade union movement in America."

"It is a smashing blow against the moral code advanced by the American churches," said the Negro Communist leader. He called on labor and the churches to marshal their forces against "this projection of the Hitler creed in America."

### 37,000 British Prisoners

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).—The official news agency said today that 1,550 British officers and 35,500 petty officers and soldiers are prisoners in Germany.

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GIRL SHARE unfurnished apartment. Recently renovated building. West nineties. Light, air, privacy. Moderate rental. Some furnishings available. Box 90, c/o Daily Worker.

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WAVELEY PLACE, 160 (23). Sunny, comfortable, kitchen privileges, privacy, piano, Saturday, Sunday, week-day, evenings.

MANHATTAN AVE, 50 (4th St.). Large casement windows 3 exposures. Call all day.

16TH, 333 E. (4th St.). Two comfortable light studios, separate, private, kitchen privileges, modern, reasonable.

16TH, 236 E. (4th St.). Clean, small, private entrance, privileges, reasonable.

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16TH, 26 W. Attractive, private entrance, conveniences. Glass. WA. 8-8931.

16TH, 133 W. Single \$5.00, double \$6.00. Housekeeping. Men preferred. Kaplan.

21ST, 210 W. Large, attractive, private, telephone, elevator. \$4.50. Rand.

21ST, 223 W. (4th St.). Near, reasonable, kitchen privileges, elevator. Hill.

21ST, 381 W. (4th St.). Elevator service, private family. \$5.00.

111TH, 408 W. (4th St.). Light studio, elevator, phone, private.

16TH, 506 W. (4th St.). Clean, single, shower, steam, home-like. After 6 P.M. \$3.00.

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19TH, 1576 E. (Flatbush). Large room, separate, sunny. Inquire superintendent.

SPACIOUS studio room, immaculate, reasonable. Few minutes Manhattan, all suburbs. NE. 8-3385.

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FOR FRANK—All will be forgiven and no questions asked if you show up at the Midwestern Fall Frolic next Saturday night, Oct. 19. Outstanding stars, surprises, dancing, celebrities from literary and artistic world. Hotel Monterey, 415 St. and Broadway. Stylin.



ISRAEL AMTER



WILLIAM L. PATTERSON

## Amter Scores Army Jimcrow Ruling by FDR

Calls Insult to Negroes, Menace to a True Defense of U. S.

President Roosevelt's approval of Jim Crowing Negro soldiers in the American army was branded in a statement yesterday, October 10th, by Israel Amter, Communist candidate for U. S. Senator, "an insult to the Negro people and a step which menaces the true defense of America and its democratic institutions."

At the same time, the Communist Senatorial candidate condemned the killing of the anti-lynching Bill by the Administration in Washington.

"Both of these steps by the Administration and its spokesmen," said Amter, "are closely related. It is clear that the Negro people cannot look to President Roosevelt any more than to the reactionary Republicans for defense of their rights. Both steps will encourage further persecution of the Negro people. Their segregation in the Army is a continuation of the prevailing restrictions of Negro rights, while the sabotage of the anti-lynching Bill will further encourage the Southern Bourbons in their persecution and terrorization of Negroes."

### IS BOURBON POLICY

"President Roosevelt has apparently forgotten that in the American Revolutionary War and in the Civil War, wars for the extension of American democracy, Negroes fought heroically side by side with white soldiers. The reactionaries, through the Ku Klux Klan, prevented the Negro people from reaping the benefits of that war by a systematic reign of terror and Jim Crowism. Roosevelt's approval of the segregation of Negro soldiers now is a continuation of the policy of the Southern Bourbons, and, proves to the hilt, that the present so-called national 'defense' preparations are, as in 1917, imperialist and anti-democratic. Such segregation is an insult to the Negro people and a step which menaces the true defense of America and its democratic institutions. I call both upon Negroes and white to protest this shameful step by the Administration and its failure to get action in the present Congress on the much needed anti-lynching Bill."

### 37,000 British Prisoners

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).—The official news agency said today that 1,550 British officers and 35,500 petty officers and soldiers are prisoners in Germany.

## GOP Election Official Flays Ban on C.P.

Calls Indiana 'Witch-Burning' After Hearing

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 11.—The action of the State Election Board and the Marion County Election Board in banning the Communist Party from the ballot in the November election was denounced by the Republican member of the county board, Robert S. Smith, who voted against the ban, as "witch-burning sponsored by a bunch of fools."

The ban on the Party in Marion County was carried out by a vote of 2 to 1. Communist leaders here announced that they are taking immediate legal action to regain their place on the ballot, which they gained originally after securing 1,602 signatures in the county to the Party nominating petitions. Only 970 signatures are required.

"Young lady," Smith told Miss Imogene Poston, Communist candidate for State Representative, "I want you to know I hate what you represent and have no use for your party."

"But I think as long as you have made an affidavit that you party does not advocate overthrow of the government, and that there are people in the state that want to vote for you, I think your ticket should be placed on the ballot."

"I think that the decision of the State Board is nothing but a piece of witch-burning sponsored by a bunch of fools."

### BART'S STATEMENT

Philip Bart, state secretary of the Communist Party, assailed the Board's action in the following statement:

"We have conformed with the election laws of our state. In a brief submitted to the Board, we showed conclusively that the Communist Party does not advocate force or violence. . . .

"We consider the decision a part of a national repressive drive launched against the Communist Party and if permitted to continue will endanger the fundamental rights of the whole American people. We are instituting immediately legal action to reverse this undemocratic decision which is out of harmony with the Federal and State Constitutions."

## C.P. Candidate To Speak on Boston Forum

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 11.—A political symposium under the joint auspices of the Citizens Union of the Massachusetts Community Church, Massachusetts Civil Liberties Committee and the West End Neighborhood League will be held Wednesday evening at 3 Joy St. here.

Speakers include Gov. Leverett Saltonstall, Republican candidate for re-election; Paul E. Dever, Democratic Party candidate; Otis Archer Hood, Communist candidate, and Billings, nominee of the Socialist Party.

Phil Frankford, Communist candidate for U. S. Senate, will broadcast over New England's largest network, WBZ, Tuesday at 10:15 P. M.

### Marriages Jumped 108% When Draft Came Along

Just about the time that the nation was debating the conscription issue, marriage figures in New York doubled those of a year ago. The jewelry trade journal, which is devoted to the business of wedding rings and those sort of things, is the source of the figures which show a jump of 108 per cent in August over the figures of a year ago.

In the month of August this year 14,033 applied for and received marriage licenses in New York City. Jersey City, which issued 568 licenses in August, led the nation in the rate of increase.

A survey of 42 of the largest cities in the country gives an average of 58 per cent more marriage licenses issued this year over last. These figures have just been published in The Jewelers Circular-Keystone, a jewelry trade paper.

## Union Wins Job Guarantee Under Draft

CIO Contract with RCA Provides for Payment for Conscripts

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 11.—Provisions in the new contract between the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, CIO, and the R. C. A. Manufacturing Co. include protection of jobs and seniority of those called or who volunteer for military service and payment to each of the difference between the pay in the service and their monthly wages for one month.

In addition the company is to maintain the life insurance policy for each of the drafted men.

The contract covering over 10,000 workers, was renewed with Local 103 of the U. E. R. & M. W. after about a month of negotiations.

Other of the major concessions in the new pact include, a five per cent bonus for those on the night shift; a week's vacation with 2 per cent bonus for those in the company's service from one to five years; two weeks vacation and 4 per cent bonus for those over five years; provisions for a satisfactory layoff procedure designed to protect the workers.

Occupational classifications were more clearly defined, thus establishing more definitely the wage scales for each. The company has further extended recognition of the union by agreeing to present each new applicant for a job with a copy of the contract with the union and a letter stating that the firm desires to continue harmonious contractual relations with the union.

## Arkansas CP Seeks Reversal Of Court Ban

Judge Goes Beyond Legal Evidence in Decision

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 11.—The Communist Party of Arkansas appealed this week to the State Supreme Court for a reversal of a recent decision by Judge Utley of the Third Circuit Court of Appeals barring the Communist Party from the ballot in this state.

The decision to ban the Communist candidates from the ballot occurred after a week's delay at the request of the state, which claimed that J. B. Matthews, of the Dies Committee, was needed as an "expert witness." Matthews, however, failed to put in an appearance.

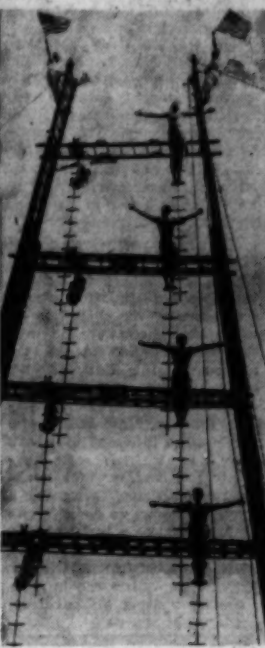
Representatives of the Communist Party proved on the witness stand that the Party had complied with the election requirements of the state of Arkansas. Judge Utley, however, overruled their attempt to confine the hearing to the legal points at issue and allowed the state to introduce as "evidence," the affiliation of the Communist Party of the United States with the Communist International.

Even Judge Utley admitted that "were it left entirely to what the proof shows these candidates believe, there would be, I think, considerable argument in their favor."

### POLL TAX BARS

The ruling to deny Communist candidates position on the ballot in Arkansas dramatically emphasizes the vote restrictions in this state, only 16 per cent of whose population vote, because of poll tax requirements and the disfranchisement of Negroes.

The Communist Party of Arkansas, in a statement commenting upon the ruling of Judge Utley, pointed out that the reactionaries definitely fear the movement of progressives in Arkansas, including the Communist Party, for the abolition of the poll tax. The Communist Party pointed out that some 50 anti-poll tax councils in various towns and communities throughout the state have already been established. In addition, thousands of letters have been received by the State Administration protesting the denial of ballot rights to Communists and some of these have been reprinted in local newspapers.



FIRE-FIGHTER'S STAGE SHOW AT THE FAIR: Student members of the New York Fire Department, who have been in training for six months at the department's school, demonstrate their skill on a 65-foot pyramid formed by ladders.

## Judge Rejects Writ Against Wisconsin C.P.

FCC Also Orders Hearst Station to Air Speech by Browder

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 11.—Circuit Judge Hoppman yesterday dismissed as "wholly without merit" a writ seeking to bar Communist candidates from the ballot in this state on the grounds that they could not truthfully take an oath to support the Constitution.

The ban was sought by lame-duck Assemblyman Arthur Balzer who, although defeated in the primaries, is still running for office as an independent. Balzer is notorious for his ability to jump from party to party, having been successively a Progressive, a Democrat, a Republican, and now a free-lance Red-baiter.

Argument against the writ was presented by Ward Rector, Deputy Attorney General, and Arthur W. Richter of Milwaukee, recognized as one of the state's outstanding authorities on Constitutional law.

Balzer's case was presented by a legal associate of George Burns, head of a state-wide company union movement.

The anti-labor Milwaukee Journal is credited with providing the chief impulse for the attack. The paper recently advocated such a move editorially and provided the arguments used by Balzer.

Professor E. A. Ross, national president of the American Civil Liberties Union, appeared in court in support of free elections. Numerous liberals and trade union leaders openly opposed Balzer's action.

A Communist Party election rally to be held tomorrow evening in Jefferson Hall in Milwaukee will be in the nature of a victory celebration. It was announced today. Pat Toohy, National Committeeman of the Communist Party, will be the principal speaker, and Earl Browder, Presidential candidate, will be heard by electrical transcription.

Toohy will also speak over station WRJN, Milwaukee, at 5:45 P. M. tomorrow.

### HEARST RADIO HAD TO CARRY BROADCAST

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 11.—Hearst station WISN last night tried by all means not to present the coast-to-coast address of Earl Browder, Communist candidate for President, but by a ruling of the Federal Communications Commission, it was compelled to carry the broadcast.

The Communist Party here conducted a vigorous campaign to force the station to abide by Constitution guarantees of free speech.

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## Woodworkers' Parley Backs Lewis Policies

Assails Award of Government Contracts to Law Violators—Adopts Wide Program for Protection of Nation's Forests

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ABERDEEN, Wash., Oct. 11.—With a red-baiting resolution which threw the Fourth Convention of International Woodworkers of America into a day and a half debate, off the convention floor, the delegates yesterday turned to the grave problems the union faces.

The recommendations of the committee on officers report, aiming to develop the union's organization work on a wider scope, was adopted after efforts by the same elements who sponsored the red-baiting resolution to have action postponed, were defeated by a vote of 120 to 10.

### BACK LEWIS

The convention today expressed itself fully behind the policies of John L. Lewis and in particular on the firm stand he took in protesting to President Roosevelt and Sidney Hillman the award of defense contracts to violators of the National Labor Relations Act.

Another decision was to begin a drive under the slogan "piece work must go."

A final report of the credentials committee showed the convention is the largest in the union's history, with 263 assembled in this heart of the northwest fir belt.

The convention unanimously adopted a far-reaching program to protect the forest resources of the United States and protested the export of high-grade logs.

Warning that unrestricted and destructive logging practices are endangering future productivity of remaining forest lands, the IWA delegates drafted a program to conserve the dwindling resources and safeguard the livelihood of lumber workers.

1. Passage of the Peeler log bill, prohibiting exportation of high grade logs.

2. Urging Congress to make adequate and immediate provision for replenishing of logged-off forest lands through reforestation.

### SIX SONGS FOR DEMOCRACY

Songs of the International Brigade

Ernest Busch & 11th Brigade Chorus

10-inch Records in an attractive album; 16-page booklet.

Paul Robeson commentary

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### Beauty Parlors

GOLDSTEIN'S 223 E. 14th St. GR. 5-8989. Permanent: waves \$3 and \$5. 35c per item; 3 items \$1.

### Electrolysis

SPECIAL OFFER! Free treatment to new-comers! Unwanted hair removed quickly forever from face, body. Personal attention. Safest method. Physician in attendance. BELLETTA, 110 West 34th, Room 1182 (Opposite Macy's) ME 5-2111, 4-2111.

### Carpet Cleaners

9112 Rug, cleaned, stored & insured \$2.75. Security Carpet, Jerome 9-3441.

9112 Rug, cleaned, stored and insured \$2.75. Colonial Carpet, Jerome 7-8288.

### Dentists

DR. C. WEIRMAN, Surgeon Dentist 1 Union Square W. Suite 811 GR. 7-2296.

DR. A. BROWN, Surgeon Dentist, 223 Second Ave., cor. 14th St. GR. 7-3844.

### Furniture

MODERN FURNITURE

D. MONTROSE—Modern Furniture built to specifications; painted, unpainted 123 University Place, N.Y.C.

ROXY Modern Furniture. Stock order: Painted-unpainted. Mirrors, Lamps, 625 Sixth Ave. (12th).

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LEON BENOFF, Every kind of insurance. Fire, auto, burglary, etc. 391 E. 14th St. ME. 5-0044.

### Laundries

VERMONT Union Shop, CIO. Call and deliver. 437 Vermont St. Brooklyn Tel. AP. 9-7090.

CHELSEA CORNERS 188 W. 10th St. Union CIO. Call-Deliver any part of Manhattan. CR. 7-3770.

WELDON, 6025 Broadway, L.O. 7-3070. Everything Hand Finished. 10c. lb. We call-deliver.

### Men's Hats

Z W E I G THE HATTER

NEWEST SPRING STYLES 2.35 & up

Union Made Hats 1530 PITKIN AVENUE, corner Douglas St.

### Congressman John M. Coffey recently

Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace recently warned that the acute crisis in devastated forest land was aggravated by increased cutting on the heels of the "national defense" program.

Not only devastation of the nation's forest resources but drought, soil erosion, floods, and uprooted communities threaten the wake of naked forest land, Wallace warned, in urging a program to safeguard the resource.

Findings in a Joint Congressional inquiry last year emphasized the necessity of federal action, if disaster is to be averted.

## Munitions Plant To Be Built at Hanover, Mass.

HANOVER, Mass., Oct. 11 (UP).—A \$500,000 munitions plant is expected to be completed here within 90 days.

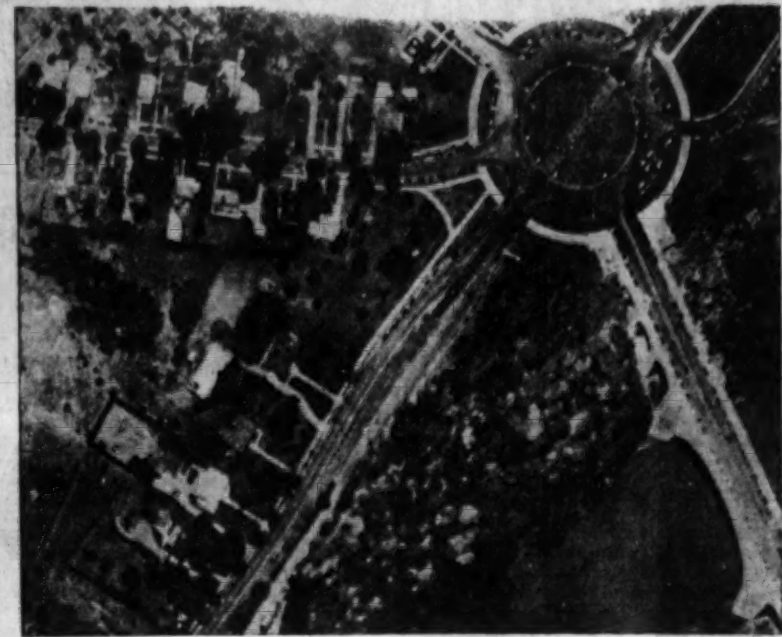
Hanover selectmen last night unanimously approved a license for the construction to the National Fireworks Co. after a company official said 200 men would be employed at the plant on three eight-hour shifts daily. The site is about 25 miles from Boston.

## \$81,569,000 Order for Plane Motors Placed

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (UP).—The War Department today awarded an \$81,569,140 contract for airplane engines for both the Army and Navy to Wright Aeronautical Corp., Patterson, N. J.

The order was placed under the policy announced Aug. 30 whereby the Army will handle both Army and Navy orders for Wright engines so as to avoid duplication of effort.





**'Daylight' Photo Taken at Night:** With billion-candlepower flare this picture was taken by an Army observer at 5,000 feet over Rochester, N. Y., made possible by a new photographic bomb dropped from the plane. According to Major G. W. Goddard, who made the picture, the "flashlight bulb" can illuminate a five-mile area "with the light of day."

## Start N.Y. Racket Probe in Building Service Union

McFetridge, Successor to Scalise, Names Committee of Three to Investigate Complaints From Locals

With George Scalise, former president of the Building Service Employees International Union, behind bars, William L. McFetridge, his successor, took the first step yesterday on his promise to clean the 16 New York locals of racketeering.

Announcing his intentions through William H. Cooper, vice-president of the union, McFetridge said he has named an investigating committee. He called special attention to complaints of a number of locals.

Most prominent in the group to go under special scrutiny are the locals which are under the legal wing of Attorney Alexander Schwartz, under whose guidance they hoped to duck the coming storm by resorting to Red-baiting.

### BANNED "COMMUNISTS"

On Aug. 5, when one of his big locals, Local 32-E, Bronx, expelled a large group of progressives as "Communists," Schwartz issued a statement that all his locals have adopted constitutional provisions forbidding membership to Communists or Communist sympathizers. He also pictured his locals as very much concerned in combatting "fifth column" activities.

Local 32-E, Local 32-A and Local 54, Theatrical Employees, all of which have Schwartz as attorney, are to be subject to special consideration in the probe, Cooper revealed.

As the first step, McFetridge suspended from office James Seamon, president; Hy Eisenberger, secretary-treasurer, and all other officers of 32-A, which has jurisdiction among hotel and club employees. At the same time McFetridge granted Mayor LaGuardia the right to appoint an outstanding labor leader to administer the affairs of 32-A.

McFetridge appointed a com-

mittee of three, consisting of Arthur S. Meyer, member of the New York State Mediation Board; Hugh S. Robertson, an engineer, and Thomas Murtha, president of the Greater New York Central Trades and Labor Council, with David V. Cahill, a former special assistant attorney general, as counsel, to make an investigation and prepare recommendations in respect to all the union's locals in New York.

Cooper declared that the investigation would be of sufficient scope to reach into all situations where racketeers have entrenched themselves. There are about 35,000 members in New York—about half of the entire international. Most of these are in Local 32-B headed by James B. Bambrick, and Local 32-B, headed by David Sullivan, treasurer of Local 32-B, were appointed as international representatives in New York in place of Iszy Schwartz, who held the post under Scalise, but is now indicted on extortion charges.

The locals upon which complaints were received, Cooper revealed, are 2, 95, 115, 156, in the window cleaning field; 32-A, 32-E, 32-J, 54, 94 and 135.

Local 32-A was headed by Iszy Schwartz. Following exposure of the racketeer control in the union, the hotel front service members of 32-A, about half of the local's 4,000 members, formed a separate organization which is receiving the cooperation of the Hotel Trades Council of New York in its request for a separate charter. While this issue is pending, the local's dues collected through the council are

being held in escrow until a final settlement.

During the period since the front hotel service workers split away, the now suspended officials of 32-A carried on a scurrilous campaign against the leaders of the Hotel Trades Council for withholding the dues money from them, resorting most frequently to Red-baiting leaflets.

The expelled members of Local 32-E, Bronx, with Anthony Vetrone, elected secretary at their head, still awaited a reply to their appeal to McFetridge against the expulsion. They were expelled as "Communists" on an "indictment" prepared by Schwartz. "Ratification" of the expulsion of the executive committee was carried through at a meeting guarded by policemen and special guards, the expelled 26 members kept out, not even given an opportunity to defend themselves.

George Scalise, who served four and one-half years for pandering, now starting a 10 to 20 year sentence for stealing, indicted in Chicago on new robber charges, and more recently in Brooklyn on income tax evasion, is still a good-standing member of Local 32-E, Bronx.

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## How to Become A Reporter for The 'Daily'

THIS MONDAY the Daily Worker will print the second batch of letters from industrial workers, miners, farmers, taxi drivers and other trades from all over the country. The response to our request for workers correspondence of this important nature has been good, but by no means as broad as nature as we want.

We still have to hear from workers in the steel, textile, needle, shoe and other industries, whom we are sure want to avail themselves of the chance to get into print many of the vital things they want to tell the readers of the Daily Worker about.

We want REGULAR WORKERS CORRESPONDENTS who will keep us informed of what's going on with the same regularity and coverage of a newspaperman assigned to cover a story. However, to do this, you don't have to be a trained newspaperman—JUST COVER YOUR OWN PARTICULAR STORY in your shop, or wherever you work. We are waiting to hear from you.

Send all letters to John Melton, Daily Worker, 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C.

## Over the Road Truck Parleys Deadlocked

Bosses Consent to Paid Vacations But Juggle Starting Times

Negotiations between the Highway Transport Assn. firms employing some 800 men on over-the-road trucking, and Local 807 of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, remained deadlocked yesterday as the union held to the traditional 8 A.M. starting time for the workday.

The Highway Transport's representatives agreed to grant the men the week's vacation, the only demand the union made for revision of the old pact, and even offered a wage increase, William S. Devery, president of Local 807 said, providing starting time could be arranged at other hours to suit the convenience of the employers.

We've got to beware of Greeks bearing gifts," said Devery. "We have had the 8 A.M. starting time established here in New York for the last 30 years and we are absolutely insistent that it will not be broken down now."

Explaining several aspects to the starting time issue, Devery pointed out that the men would lose in wages, since their possibility of earning overtime rates for time after 5 P.M. would be eliminated. Also, the door would be opened to a serious irregularity in working hours for the driver, virtually putting him on call of the employer.

Devery said that the union has made a dent among the firms of the association settling with a number of them individually.

### Auto Crash Fatal

George Heisenknecht, 35, of 182-15 147th St., Springfield, Queens, a clerk in the Jamaica post office, was killed at 4 A.M. yesterday when his car ran off New York Ave. at Springfield and struck a telephone pole.



## Sky Trainers in a Ground Review:

Basic training planes at Randolph Field, Texas, hub of the expanded pilot instruction program of the U. S. Army Air Corps that will add 7,000 fliers annually to America's military forces, classes of nearly 1,300 flying cadets start training at the field every five weeks.

## Pay Cuts Loom for Clothing Workers

Hillman's Concessions to Uniform Makers Appear to Include Wage Slashes; Promised Gain in Employment Proves To Be Illusion

(Continued from Page 1)

problem, have been repeatedly assured by Louis Hillman, the board's manager, that when conscription takes effect there will be "plenty of work."

It is this very illusion the A.C.W. has been dangling before its membership that explains the absence of even a formal disagreement from the union with the Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill when it was being debated, although such conservative bodies as the A. F. of L. executive council did.

### PAY CUT IN BARGAIN

The present plan, it was learned, provides for apportionment of uniform orders among all the states. New York state is to receive over 40 per cent. members of the state's locals are being told.

It appears, however, that the manufacturers are to be handed a guaranteed lower wage scale nationally—scale much closer to the earnings of the low-paid areas and considerably below those enjoyed in New York City, Rochester and other well organized centers.

When John Abt, statistician of the A.C.W., proposed before the hearing at Washington, that a 60-cent minimum be set, Hyman Blumberg, A.C.W. vice-president, took issue with him, claiming that if the 60-cent minimum would apply also to the finishers and other auxiliary workers, the price of a coat would "jump" 20 cents.

Spokesmen for the manufacturers made the claim that even a 37½ cent minimum would be too much. Other witnesses from the manufacturers side proposed that the 37 and one-half cent minimum set in cotton garment manufacture should apply to uniform manufacture. The

final decision is in the laps of the Secretary of Labor and brass hats of the Army ordinance department.

New York workers point out that the present national labor cost for jackets in the Grade 1 category is \$1.71 cents. This enables workers to earn from 90 cents to \$1.00 an hour. If even a 60-cent hourly minimum is set, which appears hardly likely, wages in New York on uniform manufacture would slide down considerably.

There is also the question whether the minimum rates set would be a base for piece work or week work. On a week-work basis the earnings of the skilled workers would be hit even harder.

## Nazi Moves in Rumania Stir Balkans

Bulgaria Denies Reports of Troops on Turkish Border

(Continued from Page 1)

Italian Foreign Minister Count Galeazzo Ciano.

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Oct. 11 (UP).—Germany is building several large airbases in Bulgaria and hundreds of Bulgarian youths have been sent to the Reich in recent days for training as air pilots. It was reported in usually reliable quarters tonight.

The reports, coupled with indications that increasing numbers of German military planes have been shipped to Bulgaria, caused mounting anxiety in Yugoslav quarters.

HUNGARY ASKS AID FROM ROME, BERLIN

BUDAPEST, Oct. 11 (UP).—Aggravating the already tense situation in the Balkans, the Hungarian government today appealed to Germany and Italy to "intervene" in spreading troubles between Rumania and Hungary resulting from their recent territorial dispute.

Roosevelt is tramping on the Bill of Rights when he asks his state machines trying to keep the Communist Party off the ballot and thus deny Americans the right to vote against war and capitalist oppression.

The right to vote against capitalism, the cause of war and unemployment, is an indispensable right and an indispensable need in the land that Columbus discovered.

The fresh creative period of capitalism has long withered away. The early stages of mercantile capitalism that gave the world, Columbus himself and the other great men of the Italian Renaissance, vanished long ago.

The progressive phase of early industrial capitalism that followed, has also disappeared. Monopoly capitalism has taken its place—the capitalism of the Trusts, of the Morgans and Mellons and Rockefeller and Ford and duPonts and Hitler and Mussolini—the capitalism of profits for the few and death for the many in imperialist wars.

It must go—and as we honor the Discoverer of America today let us vow to fight for our rights to vote against the system that curses our country.

## Bronx Laborite Urges Big A.L.P. Registration

Monday and Tuesday Are Last Days Left to Enroll; Progressives Look to Outcome to Check Pro-War Clique

Progressive Bronx Laborites acted yesterday to increase labor enrollment at the polls many fold during the last two days left for registration, next Monday (from 5:30 P. M. to 10:30 P. M.) and Tuesday (from 7 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.)

Myron L. Shapiro, chairman of the Bronx Progressive Committee to Rebuild the American Labor Party, warned voters they would not be able to vote in the November elections or in the succeeding A. L. P. primaries if they are not enrolled.

Members of the Progressive Committee, he said, will canvass voters during the weekend and on Monday and Tuesday reminding those who have not yet registered that there are only two days left to secure the right to vote.

The Progressive Committee is endorsing none of the A. L. P. Congressional candidates in the Bronx, but there are progressive A. L. P. judicial candidates in the field. Shapiro pointed out that the Labor Party can be saved from complete control by the war mongers only by voters who stand for the original progressive program of the A. L. P.

"If you want to wring control of the Bronx organization of the party from forces that would drag us into war and scrap the fight for social security and peace then register A. L. P. on Monday and Tuesday and defeat those who would wreck the party at the next primaries," said Shapiro addressing himself to labor voters.

## C.P. on Ballot In Iowa; Spurs Election Drive

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 11.—The Communist Party in this State launched a wide campaign to pile up a record vote for Earl Browder and James W. Ford, Communist presidential and vice presidential candidates respectively, following the rejection of an action to bar it from the ballot by the State Election Board.

The campaign to bar the Party was denounced by the State commander of the American Legion Shaw who declared that both he and his organization believed in the preservation of civil liberties and the election rights of all minority parties. Shaw assailed the action of the D. A. R. as un-American and refused any cooperation in the drive to bar the Communist Party from the ballot.

The decision of the election board declared that it had no jurisdiction in ruling on the purposes of political party and that therefore the Party was entitled to its place on the ballot inasmuch as it had fulfilled all legal requirements.

ject which interests them, whether it be popular or unpopular. "We and our associates constitute the Columbia University of our day and generation. We make its policies and we control them." "Of course, the student body should enjoy freedom. With us it does so in highest degree."

"We believe that it is highly important that not only this small group of colleagues but the larger public as well should understand your position, and we hope you will either make a public statement of the views expressed in your letter or authorize us to make your letter public."

The National Executive Committee of the American Committee for Democracy and Intellectual Freedom met last night to prepare its own statement in reply to Butler's letter.

"Academic freedom is and has long been so firmly established at Columbia that no one should have the least fear that our University opinion would permit its abandonment or qualifications."

"Our faculty members are certainly at full liberty to think and talk as they please upon any sub-

## ELECTION RALLY

Earl Browder  
Candidate for President  
James W. Ford  
Candidate for Vice-President  
Wm. Z. Foster  
Chairman, Communist Party U.S.A.  
Israel Amter  
Candidate for U. S. Senator  
E. Gurley Flynn  
Candidate for Representative-at-Large  
John Gates  
Secretary N. Y. State Y.C.L.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN  
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 3rd, 7 P.M.

TICKETS NOW ON SALE: Workers Bookshop, 80 E. 13th St.; Workers Cooperative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park East; C. P. State Office, 5th floor, 35 E. 12th St.

ADMISSION: Reserved seats 44c - 55c - 66c - 83c and \$1.10. General admission 20 cents.

AUSPICES: N. Y. STATE ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY • 35 East 12th Street, New York, N. Y.

## 448th Anniversary of Discovery of America



By Ari Shields

Americans honor Columbus today on the 448th anniversary of his landing in the West.

Columbus didn't see the fruits that would spring in the land he discovered. He didn't see the Bill of Rights, the Kansas wheat fields, the free public schools, the orange groves of California, the immortal Abraham Lincoln, the electrical wonders of Tesla and Steinmetz. But all these things have flowered in the land that his voyage opened up to the oppressed peoples of the world.

And all these things helped to make America the mother we love, the mother we will defend against the barbarians in high places who would enslave their fellow citizens in slaughter and ruin.

Yes we do well to honor Columbus today, for the bold Genoese explorer was a progressive too in his day.

### SON OF A WOOLCOMBER

As a progressive he was bitterly attacked by the reactionary geographers who insisted that the world was flat. They feared him away from court after court when he asked support for a search for the new route to the West that would lead to the Indies in the East.

But Columbus persevered, for he knew he was right. The science of his day had cleared the mists of geographical superstition from his brain. He kept on till victory.

The discovery of America was to deal a blow to feudalism in the years to follow. And it is logical to find that the Great Discoverer did not spring from feudal soil but from one of the centers of mer-

cantile life that was bringing a new social system into the world.

And Columbus was the child of one of the workers in the new society that was rising. His father, Domenico Colombo was a woolcomber and weaver, who ran a store on the side.

### SAW SHIPS FROM AFAR

There were no modern factories yet—the artisan and his helpers sold the goods that they made together with their own hand. They carried the cloth down to the warves of Genoa to the ships that sailed for markets afar.

Genoa and Venice were the heart of the mercantile world of their time. But a crisis had come to this world. The armies of Mohammed the Second, the Sultan of the Turks, had seized the great city, Constantinople, through which Italian trade passed to the East.

### COMPASS INVENTED

New trade routes to the Indies must be won. Where would they be, the Genoese merchants were asking.

Science was giving the answer as the dark ages faded. Chinese had developed the compass; Arabians had extended the use of mathematics. The great scientists of the city states of Italy, the most progressive part of Europe, were applying theory to practice.

(The note books of Leonardo da Vinci, the great contemporary of Columbus, illustrate this fact.)

Columbus, the artisan's son, matured in the atmosphere of the Italian Renaissance into a scientist and explorer. Apprenticed in childhood as a seaman, he became a ship's captain while still a young man and explored many lands in

the Mediterranean to the East, Africa to the South and England and Iceland to the North.

He became a cartographer (map maker), as well, and talked to the scholars. He corresponded with his great fellow countryman, Toscanelli, the Italian astronomer and geographer, who defied the reactionaries in 1474 at the age of 78 by insisting that the world was round.

Columbus compared the theoretical evidence he obtained with the tales Norse men told of lands beyond "Ultima Thule" (Iceland) to the West.

### CONQUEST BEGINS

And finally he got the backing he needed in Spain for his proposed trip over the bulge of the world. The progressive period of Columbus's life ended with the discovery of America. Black years of colonial oppression by the Spanish government followed.

The real new world was not yet born. It was not born till the seeds of liberty brought by oppressed Europeans bloomed into expression in the Declaration of Independence in the statement that "all men are created equal" and in the Bill of Rights' guarantee of free speech, free press and free assembly.

Those guarantees of liberty are the cornerstones of democracy in the land that Columbus discovered 448 years ago.

### HYPOCRITES CLAIM HIM

Many reactionary politicians, who praise Columbus today hate the guarantees of liberty that give meaning to the land that the Discoverer found.

Such is a fascist supporter like



# Chicago to Hear Browder on Sunday

## Foster, Toohey To Address Election Rally

Expect Record Turnout of Chicagoans to Hear Browder Speech

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—With local radio stations here joining in the conspiracy to prevent the voice of Earl Browder from being heard by the people, a high-powered drive was underway today to secure a record turnout for the big election mass rally to be held Sunday at 7:30 P. M. at Ashland Auditorium.

Browder, whose message will be brought to the meeting by electrical transcription, heads a brilliant list of speakers, including William Z. Foster, chairman of the Communist Party; Pat Toohey, Morris Childs, state secretary, and William L. Patterson, the Party's candidate for U. S. Congressman in the 1st District.

Chicagoans were prevented from hearing Browder's radio address carried over the Mutual Network last Friday night because WGN, the Chicago Tribune station and local Mutual outlet, refused to carry the Browder speech.

**DENOUNCES MACHINE**

Meanwhile, Childs lashed the terror campaign which has been carried on against the Communist Party and the people by the Kelly-Nash Democratic machine. Childs spoke in a radio broadcast over Station WMAQ Sunday night, branding the election campaigns of the Republican and Democratic parties in this state as "a sham battle staged in order to conceal the issues."

Childs called for a widespread



Harlem Hears How

to preserve peace, extend democracy, Israel Amter, State chairman of the Communist Party of New York and candidate for the United States Senate, is shown between A. W. Berry, organizer of the Upper Harlem Section of the Party, and Cyril Phillips, Harlem elec-



tion campaign manager, as they appeared at an election rally Thursday night at Elks Auditorium, 160 W. 129th St. At right is shown a portion of the audience. Amter declared that only a Communist vote is a peace vote.

## Text of Dreiser Message to Rally Here

### 'Fight Fascism at Polling Booths' Dreiser Tells Election Rights Rally

"We cannot defend our country against fascism at home or abroad by setting up fascism in the polling booths," Theodore Dreiser, famous American author, told more than 2,000 persons in a written statement of greetings, who gathered in the main ball room of the Hotel Astor here last Wednesday night.

The famous writer's statement was read to the large audience by Mr. Lee Hays, a member of the Committee on Election Rights—1940, under whose auspices the rally was held.

The text of Mr. Dreiser's statement follows:

On September 20 in Philadelphia, Mr. Roosevelt made a very fine speech. He had a great deal to say about our American party system and about education and about maintaining free elections so that our form of government will endure. He said:

"No dictator in history has ever dared to run the gamut of a really free election."

That is quite true. Mr. Roosevelt is correct in his German history. Hitler limited the use of the ballot before he rode into power, and destroyed the democratic franchise altogether once he got in.

But Mr. Roosevelt neglected to say that there is in America a growing number of little Hitlers trying, in obedience to the order of their corporation masters who want a corporation dictatorship in America, to do the same thing. Some of them are out and out fascists, but some of them claim to be Democrats, and some Republicans. Whatever they claim to be, their purpose is to limit the right to vote to a select few, to a handful of aristocrats. We know the ridiculously small percentage of Southern planters and "respectables" who elect all the officials of the South—who elected, if you please, that paragon of liberty and democracy, Martin Dies.

Do you suppose for one moment that if the real people of the Congressmen's Texas district had just one chance on election day to vote exactly as they please, that Martin Dies would be riding herd on the New Deal, and destroying our and my right to vote, as he is today?

American men and women, America today, is at another crossroads—just as it was in the days preceding our great civil war. Our financiers, their cor-

porations and banks, have grown too large and too powerful. They have become a class, a top class, devoted now, and solely, to the preservation of this great power and wealth that a great land and a great people, betrayed by its elected representatives as well as the great and cunning of those seekers of wealth and special privilege, have permitted them to acquire.

The land is full of their lawyers, their judges, their newspapers, their radios, their politicians, paid-for representatives and what not, all seeking, and vigorously, to take away from the great mass of Americans their constitutional rights and privileges—even the right to vote according to their thought and their consciences.

Martin Dies, the Stork Club house detective, J. Edgar Hoover, Mr. Hague of Jersey City, and too many of our elected Senators and Congressmen are trying, at the order of these privileged few—our 60 families—to imitate Hitler by trying to destroy the right of free elections. In fact, the very people who are charged with the responsibility of translating Mr. Roosevelt's fine words into democratic action, are giving the lie to those words. They pay lip service to those rights and ideals, while before his very eyes they are doing their very best to destroy them.

And yet Mr. Roosevelt, who is so vastly concerned with the rights and liberties of the English-speaking peoples abroad, has nothing to say here. And yet how can he fail to speak for the plain people of America, when in Washington there exists a pack of little Hitlers attempting to destroy this free America by destroying your and my right to vote?

**IN DEMOCRACY'S NAME**  
And not only in Washington. Today and tonight you are hearing stories from every part of America about how plain citizens are losing their right to vote. Socialist, Communist, Socialist-Labor, Prohibition—all are being banned. And as for labor—in the face of all the labor saving machines and devices, the enormous profits of our corporations and banks are attacked as criminals. The laws protecting them are to be repealed or modified, if possible. In other words, monopoly—fi-

nance—must rule, to the ruin of all, if need be.

One would think our country is already at war, to hear how the witch-hunters and professional patriots are arresting our citizens, indicted them, holding them in outrageous high bail, in direct violation of the Bill of Rights; to hear how vigilantes are coming together under the banner of those arch-patriots, the American Legionnaires, to bash heads and destroy homes—all in the name of democracy and national defense.

How, in the name of all that we know to be decent and progressive, can our elected officials and our leading citizens create, in this time of great national crisis, this vile national disunity? How can it possibly contribute to the success of America in any impending conflict? The people are being disunited. And yet what they truly want is unity—a fair, decent, equitable America—not a down-trodden dole-seeking mass and a luxury-suffocated class meaning nothing beyond the lunacy of luxury. One thing is sure. We cannot defend our country against fascism at home or abroad by setting up fascism in the polling booths. If we want national unity, I say, we must put the polls in the hands of the people.

**"WE, THE PEOPLE"**  
If we want our country to progress and grow strong, we must make certain that we, the people, have charge of the running of it. Who would trust a Martin Dies to "build our youth for the future?" Who would trust a J. Edgar Hoover to "transmit to youth the best of our culture that has been tested in the fire of history?" Who would trust a Hague, or a group of greed-stricken monopolists and financiers, to make anything but a mass-oppressing dictatorship out of the present-day Republic or Democracy—if it still can be truly called such?

It is time that we Americans awake to what is going on, for already these undemocratic forces have managed to limit your and my right to vote, and they are making certain this year that we, the plain citizens, do not exercise our right to throw them out of office by electing the candidates of the minority parties.

Suppose there had been a 1938 edition say of the Dies Committee sending letters out across the

country trying to frighten the original Democrats? Jackson might never have been elected. Mr. Roosevelt might never have received an honorary degree at the University of Pennsylvania. He might never have had the chance to recite two or three columns about Hamilton and Jefferson in the New York Times.

When in 28 states of the union the right to vote is limited by one manner or another, you have an illegal, unconstitutional and terrifying situation. The witch-hunt against minority parties and candidates cries aloud for your attention and protest. Attend and protest. Demand that the polls be given back to the people. Let us choose our own candidates and our own parties and our own officials and our own future.

I send you greetings.

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## AutoLeader Spurns Post In Hillman Fake Setup

Repudiates His Election in Letter to Strelbel, of Hillman Clique

Peter Zanghi, Eastern regional director of the United Automobile Workers, yesterday sent a letter to Gustave Strelbel, President of the New York State Industrial Union Council repudiating his "election" as a vice-president at the illegal convention of the council at Rochester.

In his letter Zanghi informed Strelbel that "we of the United Automobile Workers cannot and will not endorse the undemocratic and illegal methods pursued by your group in Rochester."

He further declared that the Roosevelt endorsement was not the issue at Rochester where the Hillmanites packed a phony majority.

**NOT DEMOCRATIC**

"The issue at stake was whether the state council or any other subordinate body of the CIO should be permitted to function outside the democratic process or in violation of the constitution of the CIO," wrote Zanghi.

"I am sure I speak for the vast majority of the UAW in declaring that the policies formulated by the national executive of the CIO and those enunciated by its president John L. Lewis are the only policies which we as laboring people can and will adhere to."

Zanghi is the third of the vice-presidents named by the Hillmanites to repudiate the election. The others were Joseph Dermody of the United Electrical & Radio Workers and Anthony H. Esposito of the Paper, Doll and Novelty Workers.

## Minor to Speak In Paterson Tomorrow

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 11.—Robert Minor, member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, will be the principal speaker at an election rally to be held here tomorrow at 8 P. M. in Carpenters Hall, 56 Houten St.

Earl Browder, Communist candidate for President of the United States, will be heard by electrical transcription.

Local speakers will include Martha Stone, candidate for State Assembly; Mary Ellen Dooner, candidate for the United States Senate; and Manuel Cantor, candidate for Governor.

A theater group from New York City will present a program of music and skills.

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## Three Face Assault Charge in Dock Slugging

Mazzie, Rank and File Leader, Serves Summons on Ryan's Henchmen Personally—Hearing Scheduled Monday

Pete Mazzie, 23-year-old chairman of the Rank and File Committee of the International Longshoremen's Association in Brooklyn, yesterday personally served summons upon the three men who staged a skull-cracking riot at a rank and file meeting last Wednesday night in their new headquarters at 175 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

The three strong-arm men, Vincent Arato, Gus Caminati and Nino Camarda, are directed to appear in Magistrate's Court at 43rd St. and Fourth Ave., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Monday, to answer charges of assault.

All three are officials of the ILA in Brooklyn, which is dominated by Emil Camarda, international vice-president of the organization and one of Joseph P. Ryan's lieutenants.

Arato is the man who, on Wednesday night, brought a chair down on Mazzie's head as he opened the rank and file rally with the announcement that his Committee is carrying on the fight begun by Peter Panto against gangsterism and racketeering on Brooklyn's waterfront.

Nino Camarda is a brother of Emil.

**RECEIVES THREATS**

Two of the summons yesterday were served in the headquarters of Local 1199 of the ILA where, Mazzie reports, he was openly threatened.

According to Mazzie, Johnny Arato, brother of Vincent, told him: "You think you started something, but we're going to finish it."

"I asked him what he meant," Mazzie says, "but he wouldn't commit himself. But while I was there they brought in a lot of tough-looking boys to look me over. They seemed pretty peeved. They called me vile names and made remarks like 'we'll take care of you yet.'"

Meanwhile, the Rank and File Committee is conducting daily open air rallies on Columbia St. at 6:30 in the morning during the longshoremen's shape-up. All meetings are attended by upwards of 1,000 men, who are pledging unanimous support to the Committee in its fight to break the hold of gangsters on their union and to establish union conditions of work.

Although the headquarters at 175 Columbia St. were badly damaged in Wednesday night's violent raid, longshoremen are coming in by the

## Hits WPA Designation of Who Is a 'Communist'

Alliance Declares WPA Officials Include All Progressives Under Category in Witch-hunt Firings

The Workers Alliance yesterday declared in a statement that the local WPA administration has launched its witch-hunt against all progressive project workers under the guise of an attack on "communism."

The statement revealed that the WPA administration here, headed by Col. Brehon Somervell, classifies as Communists all those who agree with parts of that party's program or who signed the Communist Party's nominating petitions.

The statement of the Workers Alliance follows in full: "In a conference with the WPA Administration held yesterday, representatives of the Workers Alliance received the full answer to the question, 'What do you define as a Communist?' from Mr. Sabine, Labor Relations Director:

"1.—A member of the Communist Party.

"2.—One who subscribes to their philosophy.

"3.—A fellow-traveler.

"4.—Those who enrolled Communist in 1936.

"5.—Those who signed Communist election petitions in order to put the Communist Party on the ballot."

"On the basis of these definitions, almost anyone can be indicted and condemned. Hundreds of WPA workers who have signed affidavits, meeting the requirements of the law, adopted by Congress, have either been suspended or subjected to a third degree questioning."

**STAR-CHAMBER TACTICS**

"The Workers Alliance has received numerous protests from these workers that their civil rights are being violated, that they are being denied the right of attorney before these star-chamber proceedings or a record of the questions and answers at these so-called hearings.

"The definition of 'what is a Communist' established by Colonel Somervell, who has undertaken the duties of a government law-enforcement agency, according to the interpretation of attorneys retained by us, is illegal and endangers the

safety of every WPA worker who does not agree with Colonel Somervell or his superiors on any question.

"The similarity of these methods and the Gestapo of Herr Hitler can be recognized by almost anyone. It is organized to strike terror into every progressive-minded, union-conscious or organizationally active person. It follows the line of the Dies Committee at its worst. It is part of a conspiracy to smash organizations of the WPA workers which defend their interests, refusing to be the tail or tool of the Administration, such as the American Security Union so-called, organized by David Lasser with the aid of President Roosevelt. The Workers Alliance is advising all WPA workers subjected to this illegal intimidation and coercion to refuse to answer questions without the aid of attorney or without receiving a transcribed record of the proceedings of the investigation."

**Flynn, Herron To Speak Sun. At Rochester**  
(Special to the Daily Worker)  
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 11.—A keynote election rally here at the Labor Lyceum, 590 St. Paul St., Sunday night, will be addressed by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and Frank Herron, Communist candidates for Representatives-at-large.

Following a broadcast by Elizabeth Gurley Flynn in Buffalo over radio station WBNY between 7:30 and 7:45 P. M. on Monday, Flynn and Herron will go to Jamestown to address an election rally there on Tuesday night at the Nordie Temple, Freidreaga and Second St.

## 1,000 Hear Minor at Cleveland Election Rally

Audience Listens to Browder Radio Broadcast; Pledges Fight to Win Communist Candidates Civil Rights

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Oct. 11.—An enthusiastic audience of 1,000 persons at a Communist election rally last night pledged to fight for the release of Earl Browder, presidential candidate, from the court ruling confining him to New York State, and vowed to place the Communist Party on the ballot in Ohio, after hearing Browder's coast-to-coast broadcast on American foreign policy.

Robert Minor, member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, delivered a thunderous denunciation of Wall Street's two war parties and their efforts to steal the election rights of the Communist Party as the only Party standing four-square for peace.

Roosevelt and Willkie, Minor said, are both working overtime to get the United States into war.

**RAPS BRITISH LABORITES**

Attacking the Tory British Government, Minor described Bevin and Morrison, Labor Party members of the cabinet, as a "cheap labor skate front" for the real power of Britain represented by Viscount Halifax who arranged the sell-out of Czechoslovakia to Hitler.

Calling the British government a "Tory cabinet of dangerous appeasers whose security for their own property is their one consideration," Minor said:

"Now Roosevelt has given them ships. They hauled down the American flag from destroyers and ran up the Tory flag of British imperialism."

"The only way to preserve your interests," Minor continued, "is to vote against the war-makers Roosevelt and Willkie, and to vote to keep us out of war by voting Communist."

Arnold Johnson, candidate for Governor of Ohio, presided as chairman of the rally and called for a big write-in vote for Communist candidates. "We are not defeated," he declared. "We do not surrender any rights. Now is the time to fight for victory."

Three hundred and fifty tele-

## Communists to Broadcast in Providence, R. I.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 11.—Following the success of the Rhode Island Communist Party in placing its candidates on the ballot, an intensive whirlwind campaign has been mapped out to bring the Communist message for peace to every working class section of the state.

High-light of the campaign will be four radio broadcasts over station WPRO.

Sunday, Oct. 13, 10:45 A. M., Benjamin Silver, candidate for Secretary of State; Oct. 20, 10:45 A. M., Thomas Patrick O'Dea, New England secretary of the Young Communist League; Oct. 27, 10:45 A. M., George Linwood Adams, candidate for Lieutenant-Governor; Sat., Nov. 2, 10 P. M., Wilfred J. Bolsoy, candidate for Governor.

A final election rally is scheduled for Sun., Nov. 3 at 3 P. M. in the Empire Room of the Crown Hotel. Robert Minor, Communist National committeeman, will be the main speaker.

## WHEN FATHER MEETS SON...

### FORD, COMMUNIST STANDARD BEARER, SPEAKS TO STUDENTS OF HIS ALMA MATER

(Continued from Page 1)

each other and met, quite by chance, directly in front of the platform. As they clasped hands and father smote son a wallop on the back, the audience broke spontaneously into applause.

I guess there isn't any political significance in the above story and I am not sure why I tell it except that it moved me rather deeply. It was the sort of warm human thing which gives you a glow. Here was James Ford, Communist candidate and known around the world as a great leader, writer and organizer, being embarrassed, happy and proud, to see his handsome young son, just like anybody else. The audience must have caught it that way, too, which is probably why they applauded.

**A THREAT THAT FAILED**

There had been quite a commotion when it was announced that Ford had accepted the invitation of his Alma Mater to address the faculty and student body in the course of his southern campaign tour. The vested interests downtown put every conceivable pres-

sure on the administration to force it to cancel the invitation. But it failed.

The mayor said that Ford would not be permitted to deliver any "political" address in Nashville and that the police were going to be sent into Fisk Chapel with orders to stop Ford should the address become "political."

The squad of police did not put in their appearance. Present, however, was a plain-clothes detective, which marked the first time that Nashville authorities had ever had the brass to send an officer into the Fisk Chapel in the role of a censor. Students and faculty members were indignant as for the plainclothes man, he was a little sheepish when it was all over. To one of the teachers, he said, "I don't know what all the fuss was about, or why they had to send me down here on this business. Everything Ford said was all right and was the truth."

**TRIBUTE GIVEN FORD**

Rev. W. A. Faulkner, Dean of Men, opened the Chapel services. Secretary A. W. Allison of the Alumni Association introduced Ford. Mr. Allison paid tribute to Mr.

Ford's work as a student at Fisk and spoke of his wide travels, study and activity in the labor movement following his graduation from Fisk.

Mr. Ford spoke with feeling of his early associations at Fisk, of his leaving Fisk to join up with the armed forces in France. He spoke of the battle for democracy in the South and showed its relation to the entire struggle for Negro Rights. He warned that Negro old parties had betrayed the interests of the people in this struggle and were alike betraying the people through their war policies.

Following luncheon, at which Mr. Ford's party were guests of the University, Mr. Ford held a press conference at the Grace Hotel in the city. Newspaper men from the capitalist press piled him with questions, while he answered calmly, sometimes giving his answers a humorous angle, but always going into detail.

After the reporters had left Mr. Ford of the Nashville Globe, a Negro newspaper, stayed on for a few more questions. But Mr. Ford turned inquisitor and sought to learn from Mr. Day about the present-day problems of the Negro

people in Nashville. The Negro journalist told of discrimination in jobs in construction work now under way on Negro schools.

**"NOT QUALIFIED"**

All Negroes are placed in the category of common labor by the employment office, and no Negroes are given an opportunity to work at wages of skilled and semi-skilled ratings. Nashville Negro leaders had tackled the problem of the Negro employment service, urging that Negro officials be placed in charge there in place of the present white ones.

The reply was given that "no Negroes are qualified." The Committee then showed that a certain young Negro man has the highest rating in the classification of chief clerk but has been given nothing to do for over 18 months. The Commissioner of Labor then replied, "Well, if you have Negroes that are highly qualified, they ought to go East for jobs and not stay down South."

Ford is spending a few days with his family in Pratt City, steel suburb of Birmingham, and will go to New Orleans for several meetings Saturday and Sunday.

## Where to Dine

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1940

### A Lynch-Rope Ruling By the White House

• President Roosevelt's action in approving the segregation of Negro draftees, will shock the country and call forth immediate protests.

When William L. Patterson, Negro leader and Communist candidate for Congressman from Chicago, informs the President that his act is a "negation of democracy" and likens it to a "Hitler decree glorifying fascist race theories," he is speaking not only for the Negro people but for millions of whites as well.

This Jim Crow procedure goes in direct violation of the draft provision which declares that "there shall be no discrimination for or against any person because of his race, creed or color or because of his membership or activity in any labor, political, religious or other organization."

The White House statement approving the Jim Crow system is a shameless one. It declares that "this policy has been proven satisfactory over a long period of years." Satisfactory to whom? Not to the Negro people and not to the white people—but only to the landlords and lynchers of the South and to the industrialists of the North whose motto is Divide and Rule.

The White House statement proceeds to say that "to make changes would produce situations destructive to morale and detrimental to the preparations for national defense." How could it destroy morale to enforce the Constitution of the United States? How could it interfere with a real defense of the country to practice the democracy which we are supposed to be defending?

The very fact that the President should approve such an outrageous practice and give it the official sanction of the government, proves that this draft is not for the purpose of defending democracy and liberty. The ruling should be protested vigorously and quickly.

### Dr. Butler Beats A Quick Retreat

• Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler has retreated from his ban on academic freedom as fast as his typewriter would take him.

The protest movement led by eminent professors of Columbia University, the indignation of progressive people everywhere, and the "Walkout on War" conducted by the American Students Union, registered sharply and quickly upon Dr. Butler.

Dr. Butler protests that his original words were "misinterpreted." Actually, these words were understood only too well. And if anyone was at all doubtful as to the far-reaching nature of Butler's ban on academic freedom, such doubts were quickly resolved by an examination of his campaign of repression at Columbia during the last war. Besides, his latest letter to the student body in which he speaks of "off-campus" freedom as if in contrast to on-campus freedom, sounds very suspicious.

But though Dr. Butler has been forced to eat his words for the time being, it would be a delusion to imagine that he has had a change of heart. For Butler's original speech did not represent only his own personal views. His attack on academic freedom was part of the whole war campaign and assault on civil rights which is being whipped up every day by Wall Street through its press, its radio and its university presidents like Dr. Butler.

The retreat which Dr. Butler has been forced to make, should be encouraging to the fighters for civil liberties. At the same time, Butler's original statement, his past record and the fact that he represents powerful financial circles, should be a cause for vigilance to protect academic freedom on every university campus.

### The Communists Fight Bullitt's Fascist Friends

• Raids by the French secret police Thursday night led to the arrest of 28 Communists in Vichy and vicinity.

The arrests took place almost at the same hour that the clerical-fascist Marshal Petain was announcing the establishment of a brutal dictatorship against the people in "unoccupied France."

The United Press states: "Secret Communist meetings are said to have been held in both occupied and unoccupied zones in France. The Communist Party's two newspapers, *Hamanite* and *La Vie Ouvriere*, have been printed and distributed clandestinely, while mimeographed tracts have appeared and mimeographed posters have been pasted on the walls."

Thus can the world see that it is the Communists alone who are carrying on the battle against the Nazi invaders and their allies in the government of betrayal at Vichy. Nor can we fail to note that these traitors against whom the Communists are waging their struggle, in the interests of the people, are the close friends of Ambassador William C. Bullitt.

Little wonder is it that Bullitt, true to his character as a big coal-mining magnate, unleashes a bitter invective against the Communists in the United States. It is the same fascist conditions as exist in "unoccupied France" that Bullitt would like to impose upon the American people.

In their struggle for civil rights, peace and security the American people can bear vividly in mind the fact that those who wish to wipe out the liberties of the people first direct their assault against the Communists. The fight to preserve the civil rights of Communists is, therefore, the fight to maintain and extend the civil rights of all the common people.

### A Revealing Dispatch From Moscow

• That United Press dispatch from Moscow which we published yesterday and which began "Russia's food prospects for this winter were regarded today as unexpectedly bright," is well worth pondering over.

In the Soviet Union—unlike any capitalist country—when you talk about "food prospects," you are talking about the prospects of all the people to eat all they need. In the United States, food prospects may also be bright—but millions of people may still go hungry, and the very farmers who raised the food, may find the banks foreclosing on them and driving them off the land.

In the Soviet Union there are no food-profters. There are no private banks, no mortgage holders. Nor does anyone there say: "Now that we have to arm ourselves better, you'll have to eat less." On the contrary, as the defenses of the country are being perfected, the living standards of the people go up. This is the best proof that unlike the capitalist countries, when the Soviet Union arms itself, it is in defense of its people.

### 'Toughening' Americans a la Hitler

• One John B. Kelly, Democratic Party machine politician of Philadelphia, has set out to "toughen" the American people.

In his endeavors to make "tough guys" of Americans, Kelly has received the active cooperation of President Roosevelt.

"Don't Be a Softy" and "It's Unpatriotic to Be Unhealthy" are some of the slogans which the Kelly-Roosevelt band will fling to the breezes.

A New York Times dispatch says that the "toughener" was "inspired" to make his move "after President Roosevelt had stated that the United States, in comparison to disciplined European nations, was too soft."

"National stamina" will be built "from the bottom up" through hiking, riding and exercises which will be crammed down the throats of local communities.

While the Kelly-Roosevelt legion thus makes ready to toughen up Americans for cannon fodder, the pending Health Bill is ditched for good in the current Congress—through the cooperation of the White House.

The American people want public health measures of that democratic character—and not this imitation of Hitler's "Strength Through Joy" movement which the Philadelphia politician is cooking up.

## Hospitals Bombed: Savagery of Imperialist War



Air raid wardens search for killed and wounded in the ruins of this London hospital hit by German bombers and reduced to a shambles. Below are two scenes from Berlin, where British RAF bombers struck Berlin hospital. German censored photo says one shows operating room of hospital, other shows workmen removing wreckage of beds in children's hospital. (Cablephotos)

## China's 'New Friends' Stab Her in the Back

• While engaged in such profuse professions of "friendship" for China, the White House and the Churchill government are not above sticking a knife in China's back.

Contrary to the impression created by the "limited embargo," the Roosevelt administration is permitting the shipment of war gasoline to Japan.

Low-grade "gas" for airplane fuel is being sent freely from Texas ports to Tokyo. Such gasoline can be stepped up in Japan, for the dispatch of bombers against the Burma Road or to kill more hundreds of people in Chungking. The New York Times is painfully compelled to acknowledge this perfidy in a Washington dispatch of Oct. 8, which bears the damning head: "Japan Still Gets Gasoline From U. S."

In this revelation is contained a true measure of the sincerity of these traitorous "friends of China." Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill are employing their sugary phrases about China's independence in order to throw the Chinese people overboard at the appropriate moment in an appeasement deal with Japan.

That very appeasement, feeding the flames of imperialist rivalries, leads inevitably—as bitter experience has shown—to the extension of imperialist war. If permitted to continue, it will breed a horrible conflict with Japan, just as it spurred on the useless blood-letting between Germany and Britain.

Such appeasement of Tokyo is precisely the procedure advocated in effect by the New York Times itself in its leading editorial of Wednesday. Interpreting Mr. Churchill's speech on Tuesday to the House of Commons as only a close associate of British imperialism could do, the Times lets the cat out of the bag when it admits that "the only thing that has held Japan back, and still holds her back, from attacking British possessions in the East is the stubborn resistance of Nationalist China."

To safeguard the exploitation of the colonial peoples for the Bank of England, the Churchill government will play around with China, in order to "mire down Japan as deeply as possible in her present costly and futile effort to subdue the Chinese people."

But that this "miring down" is to continue only until a juicy appeasement deal can be made with Japan is plainly set down by the Times' further advice as to how "this miring down" should be accomplished.

That organ of imperialism is concerned

lest the United States go "beyond our present policy of LIMITED aid for China and LIMITED embargoes on Japan." (The emphasis is our own and it is an emphasis which gives the whole sordid game away.)

"At all costs," continues the Times, "we must avoid the risk of strengthening our hand in Asia to the point that means weakening it in Europe." At all costs, in other words, the United States must (according to this voice of appeasement) double-cross the Chinese people in order to bolster up the British Empire and share in its spoils.

In this frank outline of imperialist chicanery, the Times evades mention of the Soviet Union. Such is a silent acknowledgement that the Land of Socialism will take no part in this treasonable working up of a Munich in the Far East.

The sole concern of the Roosevelts and Churchills—as an integral part of their Munich scheme—is to embroil the Soviet Union in war with the Axis and Tokio. The genuine neutrality of the Land of Socialism stands out as a beacon light to the peoples of the world. It casts a mighty and critical reflection on the intrigues and blood-baths of the imperialist nations, which the peace-loving peoples are coming more and more to recognize.

In his Tuesday's speech Mr. Churchill for the second time made hypocritical mention of the Soviet Union. The first time was when he warned Hitler of the Soviet airplanes and the Soviet army on his "eastern front." The plain intent of such statements—particularly when measured by the continued Munich maneuverings—is to destroy the genuine neutrality of the Soviet Union and to involve it in conflict with Germany.

In his memorable speech at Boston, Earl Browder warned that the Soviet Union will never participate "in a war the aims of which are to redistribute the colonies and subject peoples among the great powers."

"It will be equally futile and harmful," he continued, "for the United States to indulge in such tricky maneuverings as Chamberlain carried on in Moscow from June to August last year."

Such maneuverings are taking place—under the auspices of the White House and Whitehall. The American people can defeat them by insisting upon that genuine collaboration and friendship with the Soviet Union and China, which Browder rightly emphasized is the prerequisite for a sound foreign policy—for Peace.

## Point of Order

By ALAN MAX

MOTHER GOOSE 1940

F. D. Willkie, have you any bull?  
 Yes sir. Yes sir. Three bags full.  
 One's for the jobless,  
 One's for the poor;  
 The other's for the one-third  
 We pity and abjure.

H. Z.

The Commerce Department's Business Advisory Board recently gave a banquet to Commerce Secretary Jesse Jones. Only guest not in dinner clothes was Averell Harriman, director of many railroads and corporations. According to the newspapers, another guest, one Sidney Hillman, "joshingly passed the hat to buy Harriman a tux." Taking up collections for corporation heads is nothing new for Sidney—although usually he passes the hat among the workers.

No matter how Hillman may crawl up the social ladder, he probably will never be entirely happy until Congress amends the Constitution and sets up titles of the kind with which British labor bureaucrats are rewarded. Then it would be Sir Sidney Hillman, Lord William Green and Dan, Duke of Tobin.

Speaking of titles, reminds us that now that the court has ordered the Hotel Claridge to repaint that Browder-Ford sign in Times Square, one hitch remains. It is necessary to locate the owner of the adjoining property and get permission to put up the scaffolding for the painters. This individual happens to be Sir George Victor Robert John Innes-Ker, ninth Duke of Roxburghe, Marquess of Bowmont and Osa-ford, Earl of Kelsa, Viscount Broxmouth, and member of King George VI's bodyguard for Scotland (all one person). Are the American people going to permit a Scottish duke to intervene in American elections?

They say that there is no love like that of a woman for the man she has reformed. Remember how Dorothy Thompson used to slap Frankie Roosevelt whenever she caught him flirting with labor? But when he showed the first signs of reforming, Dorothy of the Dollars graciously relented and proposed a ticket with Roosevelt as president and Willkie as vice-president. And now that she is sure that the reform is complete and Frankie has given labor the gate for good, she wants him for president and vice-president both.

KIDDLE:

Why are plutocrats annoyed  
 When aid is given the unemployed,  
 The same who offer wild ovations  
 For armament appropriations?

ANSWER:

During war  
 Profits soar!

B. R.

Ernest Bevin, Labor Party member of Churchill's war cabinet, says that any reconstruction of the world "must be through harnessing of the rising masses of labor, to whom the future really belongs." Bevin has proven himself a skilled harness-maker where the workers are concerned—with the reins always finding their way into the hands of the Tories.

The Post has developed a new method of putting 2 and 2 together and getting 0. It finds that the student "walkout-on-war" rally at Columbia did not arouse any interest "for there was no hostile gathering outside McMillan Theatre at 116th St. and Broadway, where the meeting was held." We wonder if the war-makers also console themselves with the theory that since Earl Browder's broadcasts draw only letters of praise and none of protest, "they can't be attracting much attention."

The President has prepared a brief message to each draftee beginning, "I wish I could talk to each one of you." But how come the courteous Mr. Roosevelt neglected to include regards from the Captain?

For the Daily Worker Fund, as credited to Point of Order:

R. S.	\$ 1.00
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Total	\$248.71

## Letters From Our Readers

Says 'It is About Time  
 Butler Got Benched'

Phila., Pa.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The recent belows of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University have been long expected. It seems that whenever the most reactionary sections of America need a "cultural" O.K. for their cynicism or barbarism, they have been able to find a real friend in Dr. Butler. The good doctor has been serving the cause of intellectual degeneration for almost half a century now. He has carried the ball for the trustees and boards of directors of American colleges and has made many a touchdown. He scored a good many points during the last war, and he aims to keep in the running this time too. But it is about time Nick was benched.

M. K.

Insists Newsdealers Keep  
 D. W. on Display

Jamaica, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I would like to suggest the following to increase the circulation of the Daily Worker:

I pay for an extra copy of the "Daily" on the condition that it is on display on my dealer's newsstand outside of the store all day.

So far we have sold one copy after two weeks trial and I am certain that in time we will get some new steady readers. I pass this suggestion along for what it may be worth.

E. G. G.



## CHANGE THE WORLD



An Architect Builds  
A Beautiful Home  
And Lives in a Shack

By MIKE GOLD

A YOUNG architect friend took me along the other day to visit a house he was building for a customer. It was a beautiful job, indeed. Perched on a hill overlooking a gorgeous valley of autumn red and green and gold, the house dominated the landscape, a fitting symbol of man's conquest of nature.

It was more than a primitive roof over one's head, a far cry from the first cave-shelters. It was a skillful, scientific mechanism for bringing comfort, security, and the amplest and most beautiful living to a family.

Here was a big, joyous playroom for the children, with immense windows that let the sky and the trees enter. Everything that a kid does or wants was planned for—from the floor and walls, adapted to youthful rough-house, to the built-in shelves, cabinets and tables for work and play of every sort.

Here was a big, sunny kitchen, with every modern invention, a beautiful "food factory." Here was a spacious living room, with its fireplace, and big windows, and gracious walls. Here were cheerful bedrooms, and sun-decks, and a library work-room for the master that made my mouth water, for it simply made work a pleasure.

Everything was in this house to make one American family happier than kings ever were up to fifty years ago, before functional architecture and all these home gadgets had been invented.

The building cost \$18,000, which is very modest when you get into the upper-bracket cliques, but as far as the moon for the majority of us.

And now I come to my point: the architect, the young fellow who had dreamed this house, then spent long nights drawing every minute detail into his plans and blueprints, and now was spending days supervising its construction, himself lived in a shack.

He and his wife like the country, and they like the idea of having a home. The best compromise they can afford is The Shack, a three-room affair, without even a cellar, that they bought for not a song, but for something like \$600 on time. Bit by bit they have patched up the sagging floor and crumbling ceilings, etc. They've made a handsome and spirited little shack out of their shack, but it's a shack—not a modern home full of every new artistic and scientific device for living.

Architects live in shacks, shoemakers go in patched shoes, tailors who sew fine suits for bankers themselves wear shoddy clothes from 14th St., miners have to send their wives and kids picking up cinders for fuel from the cull-beds, night-club waiters generally eat in cafeterias, and poets who have destroyed or created whole universes at their typewriters do telephone-book research on the WPA (or used to, before Roosevelt became a crusader for democracy abroad).

But add this paradox to the enormously familiar capitalist paradox I have just pointed out.

That young architect owned a daily newspaper. You would suppose that under capitalist conditions, only a millionaire can afford to have his ideas expressed through a newspaper. But no—this architect owns one.

So do the tailors, miners, seamen, shoemakers, tenement housewives and waiters.

They accomplished this miracle despite capitalism. They did it by cooperation, by putting together their dimes and dollars until the total was enough to break down the press monopoly that wealth enjoys. We are many—they are few.

The name of the paper that expresses the ideas of the masses without houses, shoes or coal, is, as you have guessed by now, the Daily Worker.

And I want to say that this past week was not a very hot one as far as contributions to this column's drive for the Daily Worker is concerned. Don't get so pessimistic because winter is near, comrades. Buy your flannel underwear next month, not this.

The biggest item, \$10, happened this way. A German-American comrade, an old friend and veteran of Socialism in this country, passed the house one night. He had eleven friends with him—they had just been at a party. So they all dropped in, and we set out the wine and cheese and crackers and had a good, comradely time.

These German-American comrades are feeling strangely hopeful these days. They think the British Empire is slipping. They also think Hitler is near his finish. It looks like a new Workers' Europe, they say, and soon, very soon.

Anyway, one of them, as he was going home, slipped a bill in my hand. "For your drive," he said. He was a carpenter, and when I looked and saw it was \$10 he gave me, I knew that he really meant it. It is a big sum out of the average worker's pay envelope, but the Daily Worker is worth a little sacrifice. Remember what enormous sacrifices the French workers now must make to circulate their paper, Humanite, or the German workers their paper, Rote Fahne.

A young lady of Manhattan, Muriel D., sends a dollar with words of high praise for Albert Maltz's novel, "Underground Stream." "This great working class story will live forever," she says, "and will serve as a textbook teaching future generations some of the inhuman cruelties inflicted on us during the capitalist era." To which one says, Amen, sister.

"My girl friend and I were discussing the campaign," writes a young Bronx worker named Mike, "and she upped and said, Mike, you and I are going to send our good friend Mike Gold five bucks. All I could say was, Yes, honey. She is one of my best fans, and I didn't have the heart to tell her that my section, the Tremont Branch of the 4th A. D., needed the credit. So, you lucky rascal, here's the five and I wish we had a million more to send. But here's a moral that ought to give you a kick. My girl used to be a member of the K. K. K. Today she's a lot wiser and happier, because she's on the side of the people. So credit Mike and Viola with a five, and keep punching, Mike, says Mike."

Thanks, Mike, and thanks, Viola, and for that let me stand as godfather when it happens.

"Three young Bolsheviks from a Pennsylvania factory town, Yeager-town, send three dollars, and say, 'Let the cause of one be the concern of all. Let this small contribution help break the bonds of slavery, superstition and submission. Yours for a lifetime and a day.' Right-ho! and thanks, comrades."

To which a professional man in Shamokin, Pa., adds a dollar and says: "In the Soviet Union the working income of the young conscript is guaranteed, the living standards of his family maintained, and his working future absolutely certain after his army service is done. I wish many people in America could know this, and demand some of the same."

Well, let's start by demanding the right to publish a working class newspaper where such information can be printed. And let's support such a paper with our dimes and dollars and, thanks, ten dollar bills. Keep a-punching!

## WHAT'S IN THE GOLD CAN?

G. G. Shamokin, Pa.	\$ 1.00
Mike and Viola, Bronx	5.00
Muriel D.	1.00
Palazzolo	1.00
Carl D. W.	1.00
Friend of Blohm	10.00
Three Bolsheviks	3.00
N. B. Staten Island	5.00
<b>Total to date</b>	<b>\$27.00</b>
	<b>\$239.57</b>

## BROWDER CERTIFICATE

I understand that 7 of these certificates, consecutively numbered, plus \$1.25, entitles me to a complete set of Earl Browder's recorded speech: "The Most Peculiar Election Campaign in the History of the Republic." Certificates may be redeemed at the Daily Worker, 35 E. 13th St., 13th floor.

MAIL: To receive these records by mail, enclose Certificate and money (cash, check, stamps, or money order). Mail to the Daily Worker. ADD 4¢ CERTIFICATE TO COVER COST OF SPECIAL RECORD PACKAGING AND POSTAGE.

Limited Number Available!

No. 18 DAILY WORKER  
35 East 13th Street New York, N. Y.

## 'Anti-Nazism' in the Service of Fascism

## President and Poet Spread the Cant of 'Unpreparedness'—Military and Moral

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Art Young's conception of the war monster

We were free because we were that kind

We were Americans—only yesterday he wrote:

Maybe the proposition is self-evident

But try it in South Chicago Memorial Day

But try it at River Rouge with the Ford Militia

Summer Soldiers Desert

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The anti-imperialist and Socialist forces faced a great task and a great opportunity. A delayed social system, seeking desperately to maintain itself in chronic crisis through intensified oppression and recurrent wars, was again decking out its pirate ships with flags of patriotism. The working people, historically in line to end capitalism and to replace it with a system requiring no "war to end war" were again being called with holy phrases for capital's field days of mass murder. Both imperialist camps played on the anti-fascist, anti-monopolist disposition of the masses whom they were coralling to fight their wars. Having rejected finally the collective security advocated by the Soviet Union, the erstwhile status quo bourgeois democracies began to "solve" the crisis of disintegrating capitalism in the good old imperialist way. As the Communist Party declared in mid-October, 1939:

Blast Myth of Anti-Fascist War

"The present war between two imperialist groups has basically altered all international relations and is profoundly changing the class and political alignments within each capitalist nation. . . . The distinction between fascist and non-fascist governments has lost its former significance as a determining factor in international relations."

The "anti-Nazi" posturings of the Anglo-French imperialists and their cousins of Wall Street equalled the "anti-capitalist" swashbuckling of the Nazi spokesmen for German imperialism.

For the people's forces there was only one course of action: to limit the spread of the predatory war, to keep America out of the war, to support the peace efforts of the Soviet Union.

Such a program called for blasting the myth of the "anti-fascist" war.

For tearing the crusader's mask

from the marauder's face.

For resisting and defeating, through an independent policy, the jingo "national unity" promoted by the ruling class and its administration to divide labor and the people.

For beating back the government-sponsored attacks on the workers' rights and liberties.

For building a common anti-imperialist front led by the working class.

The Great Test

The moment had come for unequivocal choice, to take a clear-cut position—with the common people for peace and socialism, or in the camp of imperialism for war and reaction.

This was the great test. Most intellectuals who had been attracted to the working class cause, to the Soviet peace policy, to Communism, stood the test, and stood it well. For this they were not lauded in the general press. For the most part, their statements, their actions, their very existence were completely ignored. To reveal their stand would be to show up the deserters as a miserable self-isolated group—the type of whom Lenin wrote:

"How disgraceful it is to call oneself a revolutionary, to desire to be reckoned a Socialist, and yet be afraid of the resistance of the capitalists!"

For every Hicks, or Bates, or Sheehan, there are hundreds of decent, modest intellectuals who stand guard at their posts despite reaction's offensive—the legion of militant steadfast professionals who have taken their place with the working class in struggle for peace and full victory for all the oppressed.

"Survey Graphic, February, 1939."

"Thirty-five years after this characterization of the bourgeois state was set forth in The Communist Manifesto, Woodrow Wilson, during his campaign for election to the Presidency of the United States, conceded its correctness. He declared: 'The masters of the government of the United States are the combined capitalists and manufacturers of the United States.' (The New Freedom, p. 97.)"

This and the preceding article published on this page yesterday constitute the opening section of "The Intellectuals and the War," a new pamphlet by V. J. Jerome, just issued by Workers Library Publishers—Editor's Note.

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